Daily Constitution.

Office: 36 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga

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Two Squares.....	6.50	11.50	15.50	18.00
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Five Squares....	13.00	23.00	31.50	39.00
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One Column....	50.00	75.00	90.00	100.00

Advertisements inserted three times a week, one-fourth off the table rates; two times a week, one-half off the table rates; once a week, $1 per square, each insertion. Weekly, $1 per square, each insertion.

Theatres, Shows, Minstrc. Companies, and such like amusements $1 per square for first insertion, and 50cents per square for each subsequent insertion

Notices of any kind in "Preferred Locals" 25 cents per line each insertion. "City Locals" (in brevier) 20 cents per line, each insertion; in "Local and Business" 15 cents per line, each insertion. "Cap ions" are counted as two lines. A line is estimated at six words. Contract rates reasonable. Transient Advertisements must be paid in advance

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 20. 1876.

This week's frost was light in the lower part of the state—not enough to hurt the crops.

The Macon Telegraph would be satisfied with this ticket for delegates to St. Louis from the state-at-large: A. R. Wynton, Clifford Anderson, Gustavus J. Orr and George T. Barnes.

While the Griffin News admits that Gov. Smith would be an excellent man to sit alongside of Gen. Gordon in the senate, it objects to the addition of "Col." to Mr. Norwood's name. He is no colonel—he is plain Mr. Norwood.

The Marietta Journal wants to know why the Savannah News "persists in hurling insinuating squibs of irony and biting sarcasm at Mr. Hill." Surely, says the Journal, it can not be from an apprehension that the eloquent Hill will be the successor of the erudite Norwood in the senate.

The Albany News has passed into the hands of Capt. S. R. Weston, and Mr. Frank V. Evans, Col. Styles retiring from the service, after nine years of vigorous journalistic work. Messrs. Evans and Weston are experienced journalists, and in their hands the News will continue to be a representative paper of southern Georgia

The congressional district conventions for the selection of presidential delegates are to be held as follows:

First—At Savannah, April 26
Second—At Albany, April 26.
Third—At Macon, April 26
Fourth—At West Point, April 26
Fifth—At Griffin, April 26
Sixth—At Milledgeville, April 26
Seventh—At Cartersville, April 26
Eighth—At Greensboro, April 26.
Ninth—At Gainesvill , April 26.

tf

The Augusta Chronicle says the chances for a contest next month for the presidency of the Georgia railroad are growing small by degrees and beautifully less. It adds: "We understand that Mr. Phinizy will not be a candidate and that Judge King will have a clear field. The attendance of stockholders, however, promises to be large and there is some prospect of a fight being made upon some of the present directory."

"Clarke" in the Augusta Chronicle says "an agricultural people do not need outlets to markets in which they can buy. They need outlets to markets in which they can sell. If the people of Georgia were cut off entirely from the corn fields and pork factories of Illinois, necessity would compel what interest has always dictated as their true policy; and he who increases their facilities for dealing with the west in breadstuffs and the like is their worst enemy. It is wisdom to encourage production—it is folly to abet consumption.

The excursion in behalf of the memorial association, will leave the union passenger depot, as heretofore stated to-morrow at 12 m. prompt. Tickets for sale at Phillips & Crew's, and also to-morrow at the depot. 50 cents for the round trip and no extra expense.

COL. JOHN W. WOFFORD.

A Manly Reply to One of Our Correspondents.

To the Editor of the Cartersville Express: - In your paper of the 13th inst., I find this paragraph, from a writer who purports to live in Atlanta:

YOUR CARTERSVILLE CANDIDATS.

"The knowing ones' here aver that Col J. W. Wofford is not a candidate for governor, but that he has announced himself so as to get control of a few delegates from north Georgia, which he will transfer to Smith at the critical moment. I merely give this political on dit for what it is worth, and leave it to you north Georgia editors to suggest the proper remedy to save your counties from endorsing Smith's administration by sending a delegation that will eventually vote for him."

Allow me to say if the above is all the "knowing ones" know, they are a set of blockheads. I have never announced myself a candidate for governor, I have never been a candidate for that office, and perhaps never will be. I have thought the scramble for that position sufficient without my adding anything to it. I shall for the future proceed upon the idea that if the people want me in any position they will call me to it. When they do that, it will be just as much my duty to accept as it is the duty of every good citizen to vote at each and every election.

There are several good men before the people who have manifested a willingness to accept the office under consideration; one of these will no doubt be selected; when that is done it will be my pleasure and duty to support the nominee of my party.

As Governor Smith is not a candidate, a part of the paragraph copied above has no special force now, but I will say, that the administration of Gov. Smith, taken as a whole, has been wise and beneficial to the people

Georgia will prosper if she never has a worse one

JOHN W. WOFFORD.

April 14th, 1876.

—Norristown Herald: An enterprising merchant advertises "leap-year oil for front gates." Fathers who have three or four grown-up sons should make a note of this, for it is their front gates that must suffer this year.

—A fierce altercation has been going on among the London dailies, the magazines, and reviews regarding the merits of Walt Whitman as a poet. Among his principal supporters are Mr. Swinburne, Mr. Buchanan, Mr. William H. Rossetti, and Mr. Edward Dowden.

The Constitution.

VOL. VIII. ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 22, 1876 NO. 264

PRESIDENTIAL WRATH.

He Turns the Vials upon the Bevo'ed Head of Wil iams.

And in Effect Charges him with Deception and Falsehood

A Rumor that Babcock Forged the President's Name.

Peeps at the Foul Nest of Radicalism.

New York, April 21.—A World special from Washington says that the president is not disposed to be as indifferent to the charges made against him as are some of his supporters. He was thoroughly aroused and excited to-day, and denounced the statement of ex-Attorney General Williams as untrue. He has no recollection of Williams calling on him to disburse the money for Davenport's use, and that if he did it was represented to be a different matter and that he has been deceived. The president has further resolved on a full investigation of the charges and has decided to take the advice of the cabinet in the premises. For that purpose he has sent a personal request to each member to meet to-morrow at eleven o'clock for a special consultation on this subject

A Times' special says there are astounding rumors afloat of the future use to which Whitely is to be put in the matter of investigation. It is said among other things that he will go before the committee investigating the whisky frauds, and that he himself was a member of the ring, and will then tell a story implicating prominent parties, and introduce letters and documents to show conclusively the guilt of Babcock. There is also to be shown through the agency of Whitely, or somebody else, that the president's name has been used in an unauthorized manner, if not indeed forged to documents by Babcock.

It has been discovered that Belknap drew his pay up to midnight of the second day of March as secretary of war.

Bristow replies to the committee that the law gives him discretion as to the manner of selling bonds He thought the sum of one-half million best, and did not propose to change it.

Taft is cutting down Belknap's five or six millions.

WHITELY'S WORK.

Congressman Harris Wants Him Investigated.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1876.

Hon Henry R Harris has received, and laid before the judiciary committee of the house, papers and documents relative to the operations of the detective, Whitely, in Columbus. It is doubtful, however, if anything can be done in the matter at this time, as Whitely is to be used as a government witness against Babcock, Harrington and others, in the safe burglary case, and it would not be advisable to impair his efficiency as a witness. P.

WIRE BREVITIES.

Another Crevasse—Dolan Hanged—A Raleigh Libel Suit—A Question of Seed in Washington.

Quincy, Ill., April 21.—The crevasse has increased; the flood extends from the river to the bluffs between Hannibal and Louisiana.

Vienna, April 21.—The foreign embassadors at Constantinople have remonstrated against the parte's bringing into Europe troops from Bagdad on account of the plague.

New York, April 21.—Jno. R. Dolan, murderer of Jas. H. Noe, was executed this morning in the toombs prison yard at 9: 37 o'clock. He died without a struggle and walked to doom with self-possession.

Raleigh, N. C., April 21.—Jno. D. Cameron, editor of the Raleigh Daily News, and Clark, Blacknall and other stockholders in the News publishing company, have been indicted for libel in charging Josiah Turner with attempting to buy Matthew Atwater, a candidate for the legislature from the county of Orange, with the promise of per diem, so that he (Turner) might become a candidate, were tried yesterday before Judge Henry. The defendants were justified by proving the truth of the charge. The jury, after ten minutes' consultation among themselves, returned a verdict of not guilty.

Washington, April 21.—All the seeds at the agricultural department have been disposed of except a few that have been reserved for northern sections, which as yet have received none. The demand has been and is still very great. Much complaint has been made by correspondent applicants for seeds that letters have not been answered. The daily receipt of letters is so great, often amounting to thousands, that the force of the department is inadequate to answer all. In all cases where letters are such as that require an answer, such are answered without delay.

THE COMING CROPS.

How they are Progressing in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan and Pennsylvania.

Chicago, April 21.—The Inter-Ocean of this morning publishes reports from some two hundred points in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Pennsylvania, where the bulk of the winter fruit is grown, showing the present condition of the growing crops of winter wheat and fruits in Illinois promises well in a few counties. The wheat threatens to prove a failure, but by far the majority of the reports are encouraging. Peaches were injured by the cold spell during March, but apples and nearly all varieties of small fruit look well, and promise an abundant yield. Michigan and Pennsylvania report excellent prospects for all kinds of crops. Michigan expects a plentiful yield of everything. In Indiana, winter and spring have proved unfavorable for winter wheat and peaches, but apples and small fruits generally appear to be thriving. Returns from fiftyty-seven points in Ohio as to the condition of the crops, indicate that peaches are totally destroyed or badly injured; of the other fruits fifteen report that the indications are favorable for good crops; twenty-one fair; twenty-one badly injured.

CENTENNIAL GREASE.

Plenty of it Needed to Run the Machine.

Philadelphia, April 20.—The third annual meeting of the stockholders in the United States centennial exposition was held at the board of trade rooms to-day. Mr. Roberts in speaking of the financial condition of affairs says: So many agencies are in action drawing the various parts of our preparatory work to a close, that it is impossible to speak other than approximately of the outlay. We see no reason to vary the estimate heretofore made, which was $8,500,000 from the beginning to the final winding up. It must be borne in mind that the expenditure incident to an exhibition on so large a scale can in advance only be given conjecturally The whole outlay will be provided from the following sources: State of Pennsylvania, $1,000,000; city of Philadelphia, $1,500,000; concessions, gifts and interest, $500,000; stock subscriptions, $2,500,000, appropriation by the United States, $1,500,000. As this shows a deficit of $1,500,000. That amount must be supplied from admission fees.

HILTON'S HARVEST.

The Man who has Charge of Stewart's Millions and Something About his Character—The Feeling in New York, etc

New York, April 15.—Apropos of the death of A. T. Stewart, many good things done and said are coming suddenly and mysteriously to light. A few of them are worth recording. Judge Henry Hilton, to whom Stewart left $1,000,000, was for many years past the legal adviser of the testator, whom he served assiduously for the handsome salary of $30 000 Hilton was, when Stewart took a fancy to him, a Tammany politician of the least reputable kind. He had the sharpness and cunning peculiar to the breed of American politicians, but could not boast of any single quality which would commend him to an ordinary man. Perhaps this was why Mr. Stewart took to him. Mr. Hilton at one time held the office of park commissioner, and, perhaps he was a good officer. His acts were not many, it is true, but they were notable. He celebrated his appointment by ordering all the bronze statues in Central park to be whitewashed, an order which was fortunately countermanded by one of Hilton's associates. But Mr. Stewart apparently never heard of this, or if he did, must have approved Judge Hilton's original plan, for he bought many of the pictures in his art gallery, which is valued at $1,000,000, by the judge's advice.

The judge and Mr Stewart were the most intimate friends, and Mr Stewart wanted the judge to become a member of the union league club, of which he was vice president. This was no easy job. To bring into the union league a broken-down Tammany politician, the bosom friend and comrade of Sweeny and Tom Fields in the palmy days of Tweedism! But Mr Stewart had an object in strategy. He gave the club to understand that he might very probably make it a present of his magnificent marble mansion on Fifth avenue and Thirty-fourth street, and the members were delighted. When they had thoroughly digested this dish and the report of the promised gift had been disseminated far and wide, Mr Stewart proposed Judge Hilton for membership in the club. But, alas! he was black-balled, badly black-balled, beaten out of time. Well, Mr Stewart did not leave his house to the union league club, and now the members are wishing that they had waited to hear the will before they so hurriedly passed resolutions of respect, regret, remembrance, etc.

It is very generally believed that the $4,000,000 left to Judge Hilton is not for him, but was left with a private understanding that it should, or that part of it should, go to certain irregular offspring of Mr. Stewart, and particularly to a party now residing in or near Paris. Hilton has already made a large fortune out of Mr. Stewart. He has a handsome house, magnificently furnished, on the best part of Fifth avenue, and lives in great style. Besides, he has the sole administration of Mr. Stewart's business affairs, and no one supposes for an instant that he will impoverish himself in the discharge of his duty.

Judge Hilton is about 55 years of age, very tall and handsome, but with somewhat overbearing manners and the style of a snob of the very worst kind. He wears embroidered shirt-fronts and diamond studs, parts what hair he has in the middle, and makes up generally like a superannuated top or a retired gambler. He has several daughters, all very handsome and charming girls, who are as good matches as any reasonable man could wish to find.

Gossip of newspaper circles is to the effect that the night after the will of Mr. Stewart was made public, several reporters of the daily papers went to interview Judge Hilton at his house on Fifth avenue. They found the lucky man very frisky and very likely, like a bridegroom, not when he cometh forth from the chamber and prepareth to run a race, but when he getteth up from the table and feeleth good because of the good thing which are in him. The judge talked of what "Stewart and I had proposed," and said he was going to carry out Stewart's plans to the letter. He was very severe on Kellum, Mr. Stewart's architect, who put up "Woman's Hotel" building on South avenue, and that if he had his way, that building would never have existed, but in its place would be "tenement houses for the poor." He said he had very little to say, as "Stewart and I owe our success in life to the fact that we knew how to keep our own counsel," and added, "Stewart and Mrs. Stewart and I were more like brothers and sisters than anything else. I knew Stewart's every plan, and Mrs. Stewart knows this." The judge rambled on thus, and touching upon his public life, said: "I have done with public life and the public; thank God, I am not dependent upon the public for anything."

Having got thus far, the judge began to pitch into the Times, which went for him without gloves during the Tammany exposure, and wound up by reiterating his thanks to God that he was not dependent upon the public, and proposed to carry out Mr. Stewart's plans as to him seemed best.

Such was the effect of the $1,000,000 legacy upon that shining legal luminary and the hero of the whitewashed bronze statues. During the interview above reported he asked: "Why did Mr. Stewart place such confidence in me?" Echo may well ask why. This is the conundrum all New York has been trying to solve. All New York has given it up.

The Next Governor of Georgia.

Charleston News and Courier.

Since the withdrawal of Governor Smith from the field, the number of conspicuous candidates for governor of Georgia is narrowed down to three or four, and of these three or four, Gen. Colquitt appears to have the best chance of securing the nomination. We hope that this will be so, for many reasons. Colquitt is no ordinary man. Before the war he was a member of congress from Georgia. From the beginning to the end of the war he was in the field, and served with distinction. For years he has been at the head of the Georgia agricultural society, and he is closely identified with southern industrial and agricultural interests. Public offices, without stint, have been offered him and declined. The popularity he enjoys is not that which is sought, but that which follows after. Brave as a Paladin, stainless as Bayard, statesman, gentleman and patriot, what son more worthy and fitting can Georgia find in this trying season?

In what Georgia does, the south has an interest, and we at least, knowing her people and grateful to them, watch their steps with loving eyes. Colquitt belongs to the south, and his name and fame are not Georgia's alone. For this reason and for the pride we have in him, we hope that the reports that come to us are true, and that General Colquitt will as certainly be nominated as he will surely be triumphantly elected, if he becomes the standard bearer of the democracy of the state.

THE "PHENIX."

Interesting Scrap of Washington Society Gossip

Olive Logan in Chicago Times.

Lady Thornton has just driven by my window. Could you but see the palace which is her abode in Washington! But the British government is always grandoise! No pettiness there, I promise you. The flag which has braved for a thousand years the battle and the breeze floats from its home on American soil proudly, as becomes its birth, its country's plethoric coffers, its rank among the bunting world.

And how must it feel, I wonder, to be Lady Thornton? Says Julia in The Hunchback: "And then my title! Soon as I put on the ring I'm Lady Clifford! So I take precedence of plain mistress, were she e'en the richest heiress in the land. Lady Clifford—wife of Sir Thomas Clifford, baronet, not perishable knight—who, when he makes a lady of me, doubtless must expect to see me play the part of one."

Julia's investigating committee, unfortunately for her, is listening behind a painted tree which shakes as he leans on it, as stage trees generally do, and he comes from behind it and ejaculates hissingly:

"Doubtless, madam, but not the part which you design to play."

But a truce to stage heroines—Lady Thornton belongs to the British nobility of fact, not fiction, and figures in De Brett. What is her ladyship's pet skeleton, I wonder? Do you think she has none because she lives in a grand house and drives a fine carriage and has a flunky who strikes his forefinger against his gold-banded hat at intervals of half seconds while she is speaking to him? Go to—! You will learn wisdom as your beard grows.

How are my Lady Thornton and the pompous wife of the secretary of the navy and all the other social potentates of Washington going to treat that newly made bride whose titled husband has placed a countess' coronet on her brow, and will soon bring her to Washington to share his glittering position as a member of the diplomatic corps accredited to this government by one of the leading nations of Europe?

Tennyson says, "As the husband is the wife is;" and this, indeed is the rule which guides the social action of the aristocratic world. No matter what a woman was before; no matter what she is now; if she is on terms of public amity with her husband, the social set about her must see and know no more than Sam Weller saw and knew of Pickwick's private interviews with Mrs. Bardell.

The beautiful woman, who is a countess, has been known for sometime in the gay circles of Paris, London and New York as the "Phenix." Her story is not an intricate one, and has been published in minute detail by various newspapers. The wife of a rich merchant in New York, she became infatuated with a well-known club-lounger and man about town whose name is Phenix. Her sin found her out—she lost her husband, her children, her position, her home; but it is said she averred in her mad love-fever that she considered all well lost for Phenix. Phenix was going to marry her, and she asked no other fate, she said. But soon she made the terrible discovery that he was tiring of her. After a wild interview with him in the street she drew a pistol on him and fired; the ball sped wide—a performance Mr. Phenix closely imitated by departing the next day for Europe. The outraged woman followed him. He declined to have anything to do with her. She was penniless, beautiful, and in Paris; the pitfall was at her feet. In the questionable half-world of Paris she at once became a shining light. A man of lineage saw her, loved her, married her. I forbear comments on his action, or the woman's wild life. Everything I have read on the subject has had plenty to say about the woman. No ink has been black enough to serve for the proper denunciation of the woman. So prithee good gossips let us put the the organ at a different stop, that we may hear another tune.

FORD'S WARNING.

The President and the Corruptions of His Administration—Damning Proof of His Guilty Knowledge.

New York World April 17.

Indisputable testimony has been produced, showing that the president was earnestly warned nearly five years ago by his most intimate and trusted friend, the late collector Ford, of St. Louis, against Gen. McDonald, the head and front of the St. Louis whisky fraud, and who has entered upon his term of imprisonment in the penitentiary. Notwithstanding Mr. Ford's warning, Mr. McDonald was always a welcome guest at the White House, and on his last visit but one to Washington the president had him on a buggy ride. Mr. Ford's letter has been submitted to the house judiciary committee investigating the whisky frauds and, excepting some personal matters is in full, as follows:

St. Louis, May 30, 1870.—My Dear General: I wrote you a few days ago about this man McDonald as supervisor in place of Marr.

From all I can learn I am satisfied McDonald is a bad egg, and that so far as being any credit to your administration he is a down right discredit to it. He is entirely without capacity as a business man, and the business community knew it, and have no confidence in him whatever. You will pardon me for the interest I take in the matter. I do not want such a man to go about the country representing himself your special and personal friend, when I know, and others too, that you take no stock in such a character. He is no credit to your administration, but an absolute damage, and I hope for your sake and ours you will have him squelched. You will pardon me for the interest I take in the matter, but I hate, and so do all your friends, to see such a man as McDonald traveling through the country as your special champion and attempting to rule the interests of internal revenue in such a loud manner. A man that republican papers denounce as being without sense, without truth and common honesty. I tell you this confidentially, having no doubt of its truth. We all hope you will satisfy yourself of the truth of it. If you have any doubts, do yourself justice and the country's service by squelching him at once.

(Signed) C. W. Ford.

—The bill to confirm Parton's marriage to his step daughter has been ordered to be engrossed in the Massachusetts senate, It is still the engrossing subject in Massachusetts.

—"Disentangle your eye-lashes," and "smash in your bustle," are the latest expressions used in Vassar. They do not sound as well as they might, but they mean a great deal.

—There was a leap year party in Baltimore last week, and the girls made the young gentlemen do the cooking. Result, fruit cake made of buckwheat flour and twelve johnny cakes.

Men and Boys' Clothing.

Great Bargains in Clothing

HAVING received a full stock of SPRING CLOTHING, we are prepared to show as nice a Stock of

Men's and Boy's Clothing

as can be found South, and at prices that defy competition.

Times are hard and money is scarce, and it becomes the duty of everybody to get the most for his money. This we propose to do. Try us before purchasing and save money.

We have quite a quantity of Broken Suits, which we offer at nominal figures, either single or by the lot.

Country Dealers

this is an excellent opportunity to obtain bargains

Gate City Clothing Store,
A. & S. ROSENFELD,
24 Whitehall street.
Corner Alabama and Whitehall streets

ap8f6—d1w

New Advertisements.

OFFICIAL DRAWING OF THE
GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,
For the benefit of the Orphans' Home and Free School
JOHN C. BUTTS.....SUPERINTENDENT
Morning Supplementary, Class 181. April 1, 1876.

27	75	74	46	59	76	71	67	2	

Witness my hand, at Atlanta, Ga., this 21st day of April, 1876. R. M. HARRIS.
Commissioner.
ap21—dtf

New York Correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette.

WANTED.

A SITUATION as Clerk, by a thoroughly competent druggist. Best references given. Address "DRUGGIST," care Morning News, Savannah, Ga. ap11-d1w

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.

Important to the Public.

ON and after Monday, the 20th of March, 1876, I shall adopt the following Bill of Fare at Restaurant for the benefit of the public. I will furnish BREAKFAST from 6 to 9 o'clock a. m., from

25 to 50 cts each.

Dinner from 12 m. to 3 p. m., at from 25 to 50 cents.

Supper from 6 to 9 p. m., from 25 to 50 cents.

Also, I will hereafter furnish all special orders at reduced prices.
mar 9—dtf R. G. THOMPSON.

PAINTING & GRAINING

D F HOLLOWAY IS PREPARED TO DO all kinds of

House and Sign Painting.

Also, GRAINING, and respectfully solicits orders for the same in city and country. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, second door from the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets, next station House. apr18—d3m

Spring Fashions.

MRS. E. P. O'CONNOR, Leader of Fashion, Nos. 43 and 46 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Sole Agent in Atlanta for Buttrick's Patterns

My Spring stock of Millinery and Straw Goods, Hats, Bonnets, Silks, Ribbons and fine French Flowers is now in store and constantly arriving. The patronage of the public, both wholesale and retail, is respectfully solicited. apr9—d1m

J. J. WILLIAMS & CO., ATLANTA, GA.
ANDERSON & WILLIAMS, LOUDON, TENN.

J. J. WILLIAMS & CO.,

DEALERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, IN

Grain and Provisions,

No. 17 and 19 Kennesaw Block, Forsyth street, ATLANTA, GA.

Handle Produce by car load without expense of drayage.
Liberal advances on Produce in store.
apr16-d1w

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of Billups & Smith has this day dissolved by mutual consent, and they will each continue business at their old offices respectively. E. S. BILLUPS,
apr 6-d4t D. SMITH.

CARRIAGES.

HOME INDUSTRY.

GO TO SMITH, 48 Broad street, for any kind of vehicle. Smith guarantees his work. None but first class mechanics employed No shoddy work.
feb20—m

COOLEDGE & TIGNER,

Stenographers,

WILL do all kinds of reporting, Speeches, Lectures, Testimony in Courts, before Referees, Proceedings of Conventions, &c.

Will also give thorough instruction in the art, either personally or by mail. Telegrams from a distance promptly responded to. Best of references given. Give us a trial.

Office room No. 30, up stairs Kimball House. Entrance on Wall street.
april 16-eod 1m—sun. wed & fri.

Important to Parents and Guardians.

MOUNT DE CHANTAL
Academy of the Visitation
NEAR WHEELING, W. VIRGINIA.

PARENTS in quest of a first class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of the celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt. de Chantal ranks pre eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced, it is the language of their recreation hours. The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this Institution have long been a subject of surprise to the native Parisian The renown for the superiority in music is so wide spread as to have made this Academy almost a national one. One feature, in particular that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the sensible parent, is the influence exercised to form the pupils to views and habits of economy, and to render them really practical and useful woman of society in after years. Simplicity of dress is enforced by rule.

These facts, united to the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition ($400 per annum), will, we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past

For further particulars, apply for a prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia. jan1—d2tawly

S. B. SPENCER. W. A. SPENCER
SPENCER & SPENCER,
Attorneys at Law.

OFFICE, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets, Lynch building All business entrusted to us will receive our prompt and undivided attention.
Atlanta, Feb 19, 1876. feb20—dsuntf

dm inis rator's Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Julius B. Bridges deceased, are hereby notified to come forward and pay the undersigned. Also all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same in due form of law.
W. P. PATTILLO, Adm'r.
april-w1aw6w

New Advertisements.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
— OF THE —
Kennesaw Mills,
MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

WILL be sold in front of the property at Marietta, Georgia on Tuesday, the 16th day of May next, at 12 o'clock m., that valuable property known as the Kennesaw Mills, belonging to the estate of Cook & Chee[illegible], bankrupts. Said property is situated directly on the line of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and with streets on the other three sides of it, and consists of the Flouring Mills, five stories high, including attic and basement—the main building being 40 by 50 feet, and the warehouse adjoining 75 by 50 feet—is built of stone and brick; the main building covered with slate, the warehouse with tin. There is also a brick office attached, covered with tin, containing two rooms and a fire-proof vault. The Mill is driven by a splendid Engine of 100 horse power, has a capacity of 400 barrels flour per day contains five run of burrs all the improved machinery for cleaning wheat, extensive bolting apparatus and two middling purifiers The arrangements for protection against fire are such that the Mill may be said to be fire-proof. It is also provided with a "Springfield Gas Machine," with gas fixtures throughout the building. In all its appurtenances this Mill is believed to be complete and perfect, surpassing any property of the kind south of Richmond. The lot on which the Mill is situated contains about one acre and besides the Mill has a good two story frame dwelling house, which will be sold with the Mill, being a part of the property

TERMS OF SALE—One-fourth cash; one-fourth in six months; one fourth in twelve months, and one-fourth in eighteen months, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum. Bond for title will be given the purchaser, who will be required to keep the property insured for the benefit of the estate until all the payments are made, in companies approved by the Trustees. April 18, 1876.

R. H. RICHARDS,
BENJ. E. CRANE,
Trustees.

COLGATE & CO.'S
Violet Toilet Water.

A MOST exquisitely delicate and delightful perfume for the bath or handkerchief. The sweet and tender odor of freshly-gathered violets is exhaled by this delicious Toilet Water.

For sale by all druggists. apr16—d1w

JOYNER & ELLIS,

33 Market Street, Atlanta, Ga.,

WILL give prompt attention to the sale and rent of REAL ESTATE, and conducting public Legal Sales in the city or country.
apr16—dtf

Are You Going to Paint?

YOU cannot do better than get our prices for reliable goods before buying.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR.
apr16—dtf Druggists.

Oils! Oils! Oils!!

WE are Headquarters for reliable Oils of all kinds.

50 Barrels good MACHINE OIL to be closed out very low.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR.
apr16—dtf Druggists,

1,000 Boxes Window Glass.

WE ARE first hands.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
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ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

WILL be sold in the basement under the store of John Keely, on

Tuesday, the 25th of April, 1876,

the entire stock of Steinheimer & Bros., bankrupts, consisting of Dry Goods, Shoes, Trunks, Satchels, etc.

The stock will be sold free from all incumbrance—FOR CASH.

Merchants of Atlanta and surrounding country are invited to attend the sale, as no doubt a great bargain can be had as the stock will be sold at auction to the highest bidder.

N. B.—The stock is of such a size as to place it in reach of almost any merchant.

JOHN KEELY,
apr16-10t Assignee.

Sale of Impounded Cows.

FOUR COWS now in City Pound will be sold at the Pound, in rear of Station House, on Friday, April 21 1876, between 10 a. m. and 2 p. m., to the highest cash bidder, unless sooner redeemed by their owners.

J. A. ANDERSON,
apr16—d1w Chief of Police.

E. C. PURTELL,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 10 Alabama Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Imported Goods a Specialty.

PLAIDS ALL THE GO!

English Business Suits from $26 00 to $28 00, $30 00 $35 00. English Diagonals of the latest style at $40 00 per suit. Pants of the finest grades at $9 00 and upwards. Fine suits Blacks, Browns, Daleas, for $30 00; fitted for ball-wear. apr.16 tf.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day sold out my entire interest in the Coal business to Mr. W. S Wilson. With many thanks to my patrons for favors extended, and I ask a continuance of of your liberal patronage to my friend Wilson, feeling assured that you will be well pleased and will get

THE BEST LUMP

Coal Creek and Mouteralllo Coal sold.
Respectfully,
april 16-3t. E. A. THOMAS.

Tried by Fire and Found not Wanting

J. L. VARNER,
Fire and Life Insurance Agent,
CUTHBERT, GEORGIA.

REPRESENTING the old and reliable Liverpool and London and Globe, and the most substantial American companies Insurance placed at lowest rates and all losses promptly paid feb8,'76—d1y

JENNINGS & ASHLEY,

31 & 33 Broad Street near the Bridge,

Doors, Sashes, Blinds,

MOULDINGS, MANTELS,
Stair Rails Balusters, Newels, Window Glass and READY MIXED PAINTS, at

Reduced Prices.

SAMPLE PRICES 12 light glazed windows, 8x10, $1 10; 10x12 $1 50; 10x16, $2 10. Four panel doors, 2-6x6-10, 3x6 8 and 3x7, 1¾ thick, $2 15. Blinds, 10x16, 12 light windows, $1 90; 16x18, $2 15, and a similar reduction from our General Price List on all other goods. Terms cash. apr6—d6m

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— OF THE —
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New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. T

Constitution.

...NTER FOR CITY AND COUNTY.

Judicial Sales, Tax Sales, all Official Proceedings of City and County, published by authority.

The Largest Circulation, City, County and State—Defies Refutation.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS:
T. M. ACTON. H. H. PARKS.

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES: FOR THE SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES, FALLING BAROMETER, WARMER CLOUDY OR PARTLY CLOUDY WEATHER, AND SOUTHERLY WINDS.

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 112⅞ and closed at 112¾.

LOW MIDDLINGS closed in New York yesterday at 12 7-16. In Liverpool at 6¾.

ONLY a colonel is to command the division of the south, Col. T. H. Ruger of the Eighteenth infantry, after the first day of next July. This is sad.

LIEUT. GOV. HUBBARD has been appointed centennial orator at Philadelphia for Texas. Who is to gush for Georgia? Let the nominations begin.

FIFTEEN tramps en route to the grand convention of the tramp society, were ejected from one grain car last week on the Erie road.

DOM PEDRO is billed to visit the Mammoth cave, after his return from California, and of course he would not come so near the Gate City without dropping in on us a day or two.

BISHOP JOHNS left about $20,000 in personal property and $30,000 in real estate, which he devised to his wife, daughter and two sons. The bishop's splendid library collected before the war was destroyed.

THE official financial statement of the Vienna exposition shows that the expenditures amounted to 19,126,270 florins, and the receipts to 4,255,349 florins, a loss of about $7,500,000 falling on the state. This is not very encouraging to the Philadelphia stockholders including the government.

THE members of the Mississippi legislature went to their homes with clear consciences and proud records. They dared all for the liberties of the people, passed wholesome laws, and put the government in the hands of true men. Mississippi is fully redeemed, and this fall's elections will crown the glorious work.

THE senate has put into the deficiency bill $73,500 for the completion of the governmental display at the centennial exhibition. Of this sum $15,000 goes to the interior department, $18,500 to the war, $14,000 to the treasury $21,000 to the Smithsonian institute, and $5,000 to fishery commission. The bill goes back to the economical house, which may reduce the same.

GEN. LORING and Ratib Pasha at the head of the khedive's army are not gobbling up King Johannes' dominions with ease and dispatch. The latter has recovered from the Egyptian victory at Gordrah, and now at the head of 80,000 men he eloquently and forcibly invites the 20,000 Egyptian invaders "to get up and git." It is very possible that the pressing invitation will be temporarily accepted at least.

A Virginia member of congress, who had been congratulating himself on getting the full quota of garden-seeds for his district, found, to his surprise on going home, that the Hon. James G. Blaine had sent fully three times as many seeds into his district, so that the negroes were disposing of them for money. Grant sent money to New York to control votes, and Blaine sends seeds to Virginia to control delegates. So we go.

THE old bedbug from Maine wants to wipe out a heavy score by doubling the rate now paid by newspaper publishers on papers mailed to regular subscribers. He claims that the papers are now carried at a loss of $7,000,000 a year to the government. As no separate account is kept of the newspaper mail, Mr. Hamlin of course draws largely on his imagination in charging the entire deficiency in the postoffice department to the newspapers.

AN examination of the law discloses the fact that an election for congressmen will take place in Ohio at the time of the general state election in October. A clause was inserted in the last appropriation bill excepting all states from the provisions of the act requiring an election for congressmen to be held in November where their constitutions provide for state elections in October. Ohio is one of the exceptions.

THE New York Express draws the political line in the coming presidential battle, as follows:

DEMOCRATIC.		REPUBLICAN.	
Alabama	10	California	6
Arkansas	6	Colorado	3
Connecticut	6	Florida	4
Delaware	3	Illinois	21
Georgia	11	Iowa	11
Indiana	15	Kansas	5
Kentucky	12	Maine	7
Louisiana	8	Massachusetts	13
Maryland	8	Michigan	11
Mississippi	8	Minnesota	5
Missouri	15	Nebraska	4
Nevada	3	New Hampshire	5
New Jersey	9	Ohio	22
New York	35	Pennsylvania	29
North Carolina	10	Rhode Island	4
Oregon	3	South Carolina	7
Tennessee	12	Vermont	5
Texas	8	Wisconsin	10
Virginia	11		
West Virginia	5		171
	198		
	171		

Dem. majority... 27.

California, Colorado and Wisconsin went democratic at the last general election, and will go the same this year. Florida will be democratic hereafter, and Ohio is ours with a good nomination. These changes would add 35 votes to the democratic side, which is clearly on the up-grade.

It is not generally known why Zach. Chandler once declined the Spanish mission. It was because somebody told him there was no "w" in the Spanish language. As there is no "w" in Spanish, he couldn't see how in the dickens there could be any whisky in Spain.

WITH modesty worthy of a better cause, the president has vetoed the bill reducing the salary of his successor to $5,000 a year. He reasons, naturally enough, that after paying such a president as himself $50,000 a year, it would be absurdly unfair to estimate the services of any possible future incumbent of the office at a lower figure.

THE SOUTH AT THE ST. LOUIS CONVENTION.

The democratic party will next week, through their several district conventions, select delegates to the national democratic convention, which is to assemble at St. Louis on the 27th of June, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States. The duty thus imposed upon these several district conventions is so grave and important in its character that a few observations as to the manner in which it should be met and discharged will be both pertinent and timely.

1. There is no country in the world, where the people have a larger or more direct personal interest in the character, qualifications and disposition of its chief rulers than in the United States, and there is no section or portion of the United States in which the people of all classes have so deep an interest in the choice of our next president and vice-president as the people of the south. This is true whether we regard their political rights, their national welfare, or their personal comfort and happiness. Let the election go as it may, the general well-being of the people in the northern states can not be very injuriously affected. Their unparalleled material prosperity is assured under almost any contengency, while their civil and political rights rest on a safe and acknowledged foundation. In the south, however, everything is involved—our status in the Union, the peace and good order of society, the safety of life and property, and the individual and general prosperity of the people. What is here said applies as well to the negro as the white man and to the supporters and advocates of all political parties or associations. For eleven long and painful years we have wandered in the wilderness of reconstruction and despotism and while we have no disposition, to look back or pine after the flesh pots of the past, we feel that we need what we have not yet had, a great leader, not for the south alone, but for the whole country—a statesman who has the wisdom to see the right and the courage to do the right—a man of heart as well as brain.

2. This being true, it follows that we do not want for our next president a man of "blood and iron," such as the haughty chancellor of the German empire is represented to be. We have had such a ruler for the last seven years, and we of the south know what are the bitter fruits of such rule as he has given us. We know, too, from sad experience that it is of but little consequence, comparatively, what position the next President may occupy on the ordinary questions of administration. It matters little to us what his views may be upon the tariff question, or even upon the currency. The southern people will not stop to wrangle over these issues, important as they might be under ordinary circumstances. They can manage to get along whether the tariff is high or low, or whether the government give us hard money or proper money. What we do want however, above all things else, are wise, just and virtuous rulers. We want a president who will not suffer the powers of the government to be used as an engine for our spoliation and oppression—a man of wisdom, justice and moderation, and not a man of "iron and blood." Give the country such a president and whatever may be his views upon current issues of minor concerns, we shall soon witness a return of peace and happiness, of reunion and good fellowship among all classes and sections. If the people mourn when the wicked rule, so do they rejoice when the good and just bear sway.

3 What then is the plain duty of the democratic party in the south? What is the duty of the democratic conventions which assemble next week in the several congressional districts of the state. It is too manifest for argument, their plain duty is to send an unpledged delegation to St. Louis of our wisest and most true representative men.

We would not advise the selection of any member of congress as a delegate. Nor would we counsel the appointment of any one on account of his advanced age and past services, nor on the other hand, would we select any one because he is younger and more active in our political contests. We would under no circumstances, however, send a man as a delegate to St. Louis who is committed to the support of any one of the statesmen whose names have been mentioned in connection with the presidential nomination. The south should appear at St. Louis uncommitted to any candidate. She should go to the convention in a *judicial frame of mind*, prepared to take the best available man under the circumstances, only requiring that he be a good sound democrat. If we should unite upon a man in advance and the Convention should nominate him, that fact of itself would go far to insure his defeat. If we take an active part in the Convention for any particular person, our enemies would claim in the event of his nomination that the "Southern Confederacy" had dictated it. Our delegates cannot be too careful both in the convention and outside of it. All they may say and do will be noted down and published to the world.

As for ourselves, we should be satisfied with either of the four gentlemen now most prominent before the democratic party. We should feel that a great blessing had been vouchsafed the whole country, if we could secure for our next president either Tilden or Bayard from the east, Hendricks or Thurman from the west. We could trust either one of them on any platform or without a platform. Platforms at best, are but as the shifting winds on the seashore. Under no circumstances, we hope, will the name of any southern man, for patent reasons, be presented for the Vice Presidency. The nomination of a southern man would insure the defeat, we fear, of the ticket. The convention will certainly be guilty of no such mistake.

WE would advise the Hon. James G Blaine to retire to his state and practice running his face against a buzz saw. He will find it pleasanter and less disfiguring than coming in contact with Lamar and Tucker.

CORRUPTION EXTRAORDINARY.

The committee on the expenditures of the department of justice are unearthing facts that do not astonish men who have closely watched public affairs, but that do astonish those who have believed, through ignorance, that the administration did not use public money to carry elections. The very agents whom Grant employed to prosecute the villianous work swear that money was diverted from the treasury in 1871, '72, '73 and '74 for that purpose. It was used to carry the New York and Pennsylvania elections, the sums ranging from three thousand to twenty thousand dollars. The latter amount was taken from the treasury to carry New York when Grant ran against Greeley. A disreputable politician and federal place holder of New York city was the disbursing officer at the New York end. He was not required to render any account of his expenditures, and no voucher for the stolen thousands is or ever has been on file in the department. The money was stolen from the secret service fund, and applied to vile and corrupt purposes. What are the proofs? Col. Whitely who paid the money to Davenport swears to the facts we have stated, and ex-Attorney General Williams, on whose order the money was drawn, corroborates him in every particular, as far as he had knowledge of the transactions. So corrupt and extraordinary were the payments that both Whitely and Williams objected to them and then the terrible fact comes to light that the whole business was transacted by virtue of orders from the president himself. By the side of this species of corruption, Belknap's crime looks white. He applied his ill-gotten gains to personal uses, but the money that Grant ordered to be taken from the treasury was used to debauch the source of all political power, to undermine the fabric of the government itself. If Mr. Williams' evidence is corroborated, and the money can be traced to where it undoubtedly went, there is no alternative left except the impeachment of the president. This would be humiliating; it would be a blow that would affect all republican institutions; but our future welfare demands that such a crime should be severely punished. The country is sadly disgraced, and that too, at a time when the eyes of the world are attracted towards us by a centennial anniversary; but we cannot safely shirk our plain duty in a case such as is presented in the evidence of Grant's own attorney-general.

The committee that has succeeded in eliciting these facts is now the center of interest in Washington. More disclosures are said to be forthcoming. Mr. Caulfield, of Chicago, is the chairman of the committee. He is said to be a very capable and prudent manager. Mr. Candler is the second member. He can be relied on for keen and persistent work. His experience as a criminal lawyer will aid him in pursuing the present investigation, and if the balance of the committee are as well equipped for the work in hand we will yet possess the bottom facts. Whitely and Williams can furnish them, and it begins to look as if they had determined to do so, at the expense of the man who flung them aside reckless of consequences.

FACT AND COMMENT.

GRANT'S old home, Galena, went democrat at the recent election.

PRINCE BISMARCK was 61 years old on 1st inst. The emperor and the crown prince congratulated him personally.

THE colors of the Brazilian empire are orange and green. It is a good thing for Dom Pedro they are not all orange.

LONDON will not name one of her new streets after George Washington. We had hoped that that little unpleasantness had been forgotten.

A LOT of prairie hens, wild turkeys and wild geese are to be sent from Iowa to New Zealand for breeding purposes.

THE city council of Galveston, Texas, has refused to confirm the appointment of Gen. Braxton Bragg as city engineer.

A MANUSCRIPT of the "koran," copied by the Caliph Osman, third after the prophet Mohammed, is in the imperial library at St. Petersburg. It is 1,200 years old.

JUDGE BLACK says that the difference between him and Judge Davis is that he is a democrat but not a candidate, while Davis is a candidate but not a democrat.

AN Iowa man recently refused a nomination for congress on being told that if elected he would have to abandon the good old time habit of gressing his boots.

PARSON NEWMAN, observes the Boston Post, leaves such meaty pulpit topics as Belknap, Robeson, et als., in order to give the Amalekites, the Hamites and Shemites a sweat.

THE Hon. John S. Payne, a full-blooded African and a native of Richmond, Virginia, has been elected governor of Liberia. He is one of the ablest and most esteemed citizens of the republic, and has been a minister of the Liberian congress for twenty years.

ADOLPH THIERS attained his seventy-ninth year on Sunday. He has lived in French history from the period of Napoleon Bonaparte's consulship, and has seen and taken part in more political convulsions than any man living.

GOVERNOR IRWIN, of California, has pocketed a bill to forbid the exhumation and transportation of corpses without consent of the sheriff. It was, of course, aimed at the Chinese, who send the remains of their dead home to China.

THE Boston Pilot has been sold to Archbishop Williams and John Boyle O'Reilley. The price paid was $28,000, in addition to which the purchasers take up a mortgage of $6 500 and fulfil the existing contracts of the paper to subscribers.

DOM PEDRO, if he should ever take Washington in his travels, is to be treated to a naval review and squadron drill, in Hampton Roads, with a sham attack upon Fortress Monroe, with bombardment, landing of marines and sailors in steam launches, etc.

THE Speaker of the English house of commons has to invite each and every member to dine with him once during the session, and as there are 658 members, this demands a good deal of hospitality.

THE New York Tribune appears to be running its machine for Bristow, on the outside of politics, and for Tilden on the other, with as much impartiality as the average "independent" organ can command.

JUDGE HILTON rises to a loftier level than Podsnap. Neither Mr. Stewart's bequest nor Mrs. Stewart's generosity can shake his supreme self control. Reviewing his friendship for the deceased merchant prince, he proudly observes, "His money was of no consequence to me." He who conquereth himself is greater than he who taketh a city; but when Judge Hilton clasped his hand on his vest pattern and utters a remark like the above, he makes us all feel how much superior he is to the philosophy of Zeno or the glory of Cæsar or Vespasian.—Brooklyn Argus.

THE NOOSE.

Dolan Pays the Last Penalty of the Law.

Suicide and Murder in St. Louis.

Crowding Blaine for a Little Explanation.

DOLAN'S JERK.

The Murderer of Mr. Noe Gone to his Reward.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Jno. R. Dolan, shed a few tears after he was bound. He was brought out at 9:35 and walked firmly to the gallows in the sunlight. He stood under the gibbet, but in a minute the rope was cut with a thud and the body rose in the air. He struggled but little and died comparatively easy. Dolan wrote a letter to his counsel last night thanking him for his strenvous efforts in his behalf and repeating his declaration of innocence of the murder of Noe.

CONGRESS.

THE HOUSE.

Mr. KNOTT introduced a bill to regulate the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus in certain cases. Referred to the judiciary committee. It provides that the supreme court shall have original and exclusive jurisdiction to issue the writ of habeas corpus in all cases where the party shall be detained or restrained of his liberty by the authority of either house of congress, before any state or United States judge or court, the writ shall be denied if not issued, or dismissed if issued, that if any such state or United States judge or court other than the supreme court award a writ of habeas corpus, the supreme court may award a writ of prohibition, and that if the supreme court shall not be in session at the time any judge of such court may take such action with a right of appeal to the supreme court.

The ways and means committee reported a bill censuring corporations engaged in the business of distilling. It proposes to amend the existing law by holding every stockholder in such corporation liable for taxes, penalties, etc., unless it be shown that he is innocent of any participation in the offence for which the penalty is inflicted, in which case he shall not be held liable to the penalty individually. Also that the words in section 3,251 of the revised statutes, "every person interested in the use of any still," etc., shall be construed to mean every person interested as copartner, stockholder or otherwise.

After a good deal of discussion the bill was passed.

The investigation of Bristow's connection with the release of the steamboat "Release," was transferred from the committee of treasury expenditures to the committee on ways and means. Vote, 170 to 38.

The Indian bill was resumed and passed.

Adjourned.

MOLLIE'S FOLLY.

Refusing to Marry William, he Makes her a Corpse Etc

ST. LOUIS, April 21.—William Cooper shot a fellow-servant named Mollie Dean and himself, both fatally. Mollie had refused to marry William.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Negotiations are pending which will probably transfer thirty millions of fire and life insurance capital from New York to New Jersey. Some of the largest life insurance companies have already secured New Jersey charters.

LANCASTER, Pa., April 21.—O J Duckey, who succeeded Thad Stevens in congress is dead.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The Mississippi river has risen slightly at Cairo, and the Missouri at Boonville. Elsewhere the rivers are stationary or falling.

BOSTON, April 21.—Jackson H Frothingham, formerly chief clerk of the stamp department of the post office, has been convicted of stealing $2,500.

MOONSHINER'S MASH.

They Dont Take Kindly to the Marshal.

LOUISVILLE, April 21.—The United States marshal has brought here eight moonshiners so called, for making a little whisky for their own use. They are poor people, but will fight, in one instance the marshal and posse of soldiers were fired on from ambush by a man and two sons, who escaped to the mountains, one deputy has been badly wounded, and there was one rescued.

EXPLAIN, JIMMY BLAINE.

Or Mr. Harrison will Feel Called Upon to do so.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 21.—The Evening News calls upon Mr Blaine to ask for an immediate investigation of the charge that he obtained $64,000 from the Union Pacific railroad company, and announces upon authority that if he fails to do so J C S Harrison, of this city, will go before the judiciary committee of the house as one of the government directors of the road and demand an immediate investigation of the matter.

THE INDIAN BILL.

What it Proposes to do.

WASHINGTON, April 21—The Indian bill provides that after the first of July next the secretary of war shall exercise the supervising and appellate powers, and possess the jurisdiction now exercised and possessed by the secretary of the interior in relation to Indian affairs; that he shall from time to time, make details of army officers to administer the affairs of the Indian branch of the war department; that the commanding officers of geographical departments shall be ex officio, in charge of Indian affairs in their departments, and shall make details of officers including officers on the retired list, to administer the affairs of the Indian service, and that the inspector general of the army shall discharge the duties of inspector of Indian affairs. The act is not to be construed to authorize an increase in the number, rank, pay or allowance of army officers. All contracts for Indian supplies and transportation are to be made in the same manner and the same time where practicable as heretofore made for the army. All religious denominations shall have a free and equal right to erect and maintain church and school buildings on Indian reservations. Individual Indians who have adopted the habits of civilized life may become citizens of the United States without forfeiting their right to their share of the tribal property.

IN FLAMES.

Prodigal Destruction of Beer.

ST. LOUIS, April 21.—There was a fire in the extensive brewery of Heims Bros, east St. Louis, which together with a very large refrigerator attached to the building was totally destroyed. Loss, $125,000; insurance $25,000.

READY TO RESPOND.

A Post Trader who has Dealings with the President's Brother—Davenport's Expenditures—Babcock ceases Disbursements.

WASHINGTON April 21.—The president has signed the bill improving the capital grounds.

Babcock ceases to control the disbursements.

The Colon, with central American and South Pacific mail sails May 2.

Blaine is preparing a statement about his Arkansas bonds. He says it will explain things satisfactorily.

Major Ben Perley Poor is preparing a congressional directory for the century.

The republican senators concurred on the order of business as affected by the impeachment trial.

Transfer of ordnance officers: Major Baylor from Fortress Monroe to Governor's Island, New York.

Lieut. Greer from Augusta, Ga., to Springfield, Mass.

Lieut. Smith from Fortress Monroe to New York.

Capt. Grealist from Maryland to Augusta.

The cabinet adjourned at half past eleven, and the president went to Philadelphia.

W. J. Raymond, post trader at Fort Berthold, has paid Orvill Grant from a thousand to twelve hundred dollars, and is still ready to respond to any reasonable draft he may make according to agreement.

Don Piatt testified in the Mott contract case that he got five per cent and wanted more, whereupon the owners told him that they had expenses which would not bear investigation, whereupon Piatt drew out and had their contract stopped.

It is claimed that Commissioner Davenport instead of having copies of registration made as provided by law, did so after a method of his own, greatly to the satisfaction of the president and saving a large amount of money, but leading to the questionable expenditure of $30,000.

The house committee on the Pacific railroad gave further consideration to the bill extending time for the completion of the Texas Pacific railroad. Throckmorton's amendment was pending when Lutirell offered a further amendment proposing that the Southern Pacific company of California shall be allowed to construct a road eastward from the Colorado river and receive the Texas Pacific land grant for such portion of the transcontinental line of railroad, as it anticipates the latter in building within the next six years. The committee adjourned without action until next Wednesday.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The Schenck investigation has closed except the reception of papers from London.

Ottman has been released on a $12,000 bond.

Parke, of the Emma Mine, refuses to answer how much money he made out of the concern.

Mr. Falkner, of Virginia, will oppose compulsion.

The republican caucus has discussed the house bill repealing the bankrupt law, there was no positive action, but the general sentiment seemed averse to the repeal.

The bill reported by the committee on commerce amending the shipping act of 1872, proposes to take away from the courts and give to the secretary of the treasury the power of appointing, and renewing the shipping commissioners who shall be salaried officers not over four thousand dollars per annum and no fees. The officer of a shipping commissioner must be in a custom house. No charges allowed for arbitration, nor other than the necessary expenses for securing witnesses. Fee for securing each member of crew except apprentices one dollar, each discharge, thirty cents.

DRIVEN TO DESPERATION.

Several Indian Tribes in War Toggery.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The secretary of war has transmitted to the house the information that the Apaches at Fort Bowie, Arizona, have broken away from their reservation there, and are going toward Tuloresa, having killed several persons and stolen cattle. Also that the Apaches are leaving Canada and Almosa, and are stealing cattle because there is no food for the Indians at their agencies. They must leave or starve.

There is no game in the country, and the military are prohibited from issuing provisions to the Indians.

Gen. Pope, who furnished the above information, says the cavalry in that region are in the field, but have only the power to force the Indians to starve peacefully or be killed forcibly.

A dispatch from Schofield reports the killing of two men by the Chirecahua Indians, and their pursuit by troops. Gov. Safford, of Arizona, believes the whole tribe have broken out.

The commissioner of Indian affairs wants $50,000 for the Chirecahua Indians.

FORT LAWRENCE, April 21.—Mr. Mulligan, of Scranton, Pa., reports that on the 16th, in Red Cannon, near Cheyenne river, his party was attacked by the Indians. Mr. and Mr. Wiltz were killed, a colored woman captured, another man killed, three wounded, three wagons with covers shot to pieces and other signs of the fight at the entrance of Buffalo Gap. The whole party was doubtless destroyed.

SARACENIC SAUCINESS.

Tired of Diplomacy and Ready for Licks.

PARIS, April 21.—The Russian telegraph agency is informed that the porte has declared the Andrassy programme exhausted; the grand vizier consequently finds himself in danger of being carried away by the military party which appeals to the fate of arms. This last phase will clear up the situation. The task of diplomacy will only be more urgent. The cabinets are deliberating on a common course to be proposed to Europe for pacification.

Renewing Negotiations.

LONDON, April 21.—A special to the Pall Mall Gazette from Berlin says that Austria has instituted fresh negotiations with the great powers as to the proper course to pursue in case the present attempts for the pacification of the Turkish provinces should prove fruitless.

Victoria's Travels.

PARIS, April 21.—Queen Victoria arrived at La Vallette to-day, and proceeded to Cherbourg on her way to England. President MacMahon awaited her at the station and paid his respects to her majesty.

—Mr. Spurgeon made a novel announcement at the tabernacle recently. He said that on the tickets for the new quarter a notice had been printed that were not available on a certain evening. He had determined in the future to have one service of his own every quarter, for those persons who were not in the habit of attending the tabernacle, and he desired all seat holders to stay away on that occasion. They could go elsewhere, and if they derived any benefit from it let them continue to go. Some people would grumble at any mortal thing; so the notice was printed on the ticket and the seat holders could see that it was in the contract, and when they paid their money might know what was what.

A SAD OCCURRENCE.

Shooting Affair at Graniteville.

Major J. J. Gregg of Augusta Shot and Dangerously Wounded by a One Legged Man Named Robert McEvoy at Graniteville—McEvoy Arrested.

Augusta Chronicle.

A lamentable occurrence resulting in the serious if not fatal wounding of a prominent citizen of Augusta, took place at Graniteville, S. C. yesterday.

About eight years ago when Major J. J. Gregg was superintendent of the Graniteville factory a one legged youth named Robert McEvoy, son of the gardener at the factory, was employed as errand boy. In the course of time it was found that there was really no necessity for such a person and the position was therefore abolished and young McEvoy dismissed. The boy appeared to brood over this as an injury and to resolve upon revenge. Some two years ago he went to Texas, and as his reputation in Graniteville and vicinity was anything but good it was hoped that he would make a permanent stay in the Lone Star state. Three weeks ago, he suddenly returned, however, to Graniteville.

Yesterday the annual meeting of the Graniteville factory was held at the mill, and Major Gregg, who is a stockholder, was present. About half-past one o'clock, after the meeting had adjourned, and while he was in the store room, near the business office, he was approached by Robert McEvoy, who said he would like to speak to him before he left for Augusta. Major Gregg replied that he could speak to him then. McEvoy then said that Major Gregg had him dismissed by charging that he stole money from him. Major Gregg immediately walked into the Directors' office and asked Mr Giles if McEvoy had been discharged on account of any accusation made him in regard to McEvoy's stealing money from him. Mr. Giles replied that he had not. The office had been abolished, and McEvoy dismissed simply because there was no further use for an errand boy. Maj. Gregg and McEvoy then retired to the secretary's office, close at hand. In a few seconds three shots, in rapid succession, were heard in the direction of this room, and McEvoy was seen to run out. From Major Gregg the following particulars were obtained by parties who hastened to the spot: It seems that on going into the secretary's office McEvoy repeated that he had been discharged on account of charges made against him by Major Gregg, and also made other remarks, which Major Gregg declared were not true. "Do you dispute my word, then?" said McEvoy. "Of course I do if you said that," replied Major Gregg. McEvoy immediately drew a pistol and fired three times. All of the balls struck Maj. Gregg, two on the left side, close together, and one lower down, near the left hip. The two higher up penetrated the clothing, but merely bruised the flesh and did not enter. One was found in Maj. Gregg's clothing afterwards, and the other on the floor. The ball near the hip, however entered and passing around or through the stomach, lodged under the skin on the right side, producing a very dangerous wound.

As soon as McEvoy had fired his three shots, in rapid succession, he walked quickly to the door, thence into the hall, and finally to the street. Maj. Gregg was taken so completely by surprise by the unprovoked and wanton attack, that it was some moments before he drew his pistol. As soon as he did, however, he followed McEvoy and fired, but failed to strike him. McEvoy deliberately turned and returned the fire, the ball striking the door facing, near Maj. Gregg. Mr. H H Hickman, president of the Graniteville Manufacturing company, who had proceeded to the spot immediately upon hearing the firing, was standing not far from Major Gregg, and narrowly escaped being struck by the ball fired from McEvoy's pistol—the missile lodging in the door, within a few inches of his legs.

Maj. Gregg, after firing once, turned back to the office managed to step inside the door, and fell.

After firing his fourth shot McEvoy made no attempt to escape, but walked quietly along. His father, who is a quiet, honest and industrious man, went up to him and endeavored to take his pistol away from him. The young desperado resisted for some time, and threatened to shoot any one who should approach him. Finally, however, his father took the weapon away from him, and carried him back to the office, where he was taken in charge by a constable. He was sullen and defiant, and appeared to feel no sorrow for what he had done. To parties who asked him why he shot Major Gregg he replied that he would shoot any man who first shot at him, thus evidently attempting to convey the idea that Major Gregg first assumed the offensive Major Gregg's pistol, however, putting aside his own statement, showed that this was false. It was without doubt, a prearranged determination on the young fiend's part to assassinate Major Gregg in cold blood, without giving him the least showing.

Maj. Gregg's condition last evening was exceedingly precarious, and it was doubtful whether he could survive the injury. The ball was extracted soon after he reached Augusta.

THE LATEST.

MR. GREGG DIES AT NOON.

Special to The Constitution.

AUGUSTA, April 21.—J. J. Gregg, who was shot at Graniteville, South Carolina, yesterday by James McEvoy, died at noon to-day.

Wayside Dots.

THOMASVILLE, April 19.

The writer left Atlanta on Monday night for this point. On the train were the great American traveler, John B Gorman, J Bulow Campbell, and Col W L Goldsmith, wife and daughter. We missed Gorman about Forsyth (there is a female college there) but he turned up all right in Macon. It is unsettled yet whether he walked there from Forsyth or not. At the Brown House in Macon the party obtained a magnificent breakfast. The meeting between Gorman and Dr E A Flewellen was graphic. The doctor said that he had got up earlier than common in order to sew some buttons on his clothes He looked to be in robust health and splendid condition.

Here we met H. H. Cabiness, G. A. Cabaness, and Rev. S. G Hillyer of the Forsyth delegation, W. L. Kirkpatrick, J. H. Kilpatrick, P. H. Mell, Dr. T. E. Skinner, W. H. Davis, Dr. J. S. Lawton and others who left for this point via. the Southwestern road and Albany Rev. D. E. Butler expected to get off on this train but failed to reach the train in time. It is supposed that some one stopped him to pay a subscription either to Mercer or the Index.

Col. W. L. Goldsmith, Mrs. W. L. Goldsmith and their charming little daugter Lou, who was a general favorite with all on board, and the writer left for this point via the Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

The road is in fine condition, the cars running very smoothly. Superintendent John A. Grant has demonstrated his railroad ability.

Col. Thomas Hardeman was on the train, and stopped at McRae to make a speech to-day. Everywhere he was greeted with hearty demonstrations from the "wool-hat boys" and they evidently are for him. From conversations at the stations and on the train, I gathered that the Hardeman feeling was on the increase. The country people were for Smith. They say he made a good governor and they were willing to let well enough alone. We met with a number who were "John James" men, and scores of Colquitt men—men who fought under and with him, and will go their death for the hero of Olustee. The opinion is gaining ground that neither Hardeman, James or Colquitt can be nominated, and in that event the name of A. T. McIntyre is spoken of. He is a very strong and good man.

One noticeable feature on the Macon & Brunswick cars, was that at several stations men who would get on with a copy of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION in their hands. I was informed that it was *the* paper along this route. Cochran shows considerable improvements going on. Here Judge A. C. Pate and a number of lawyers got on board for McRae, to attend Telfair superior court.

Eastman is a live little place, exhibiting every evidence of thrift and pluck. The residence of Mr. Eastman is strikingly handsome, and the surroundings exhibit taste and culture. Quite a number of new buildings are in process of construction. Here we saw a new railroad track—the rail being round and the car wheels made to fit it.

Mr. Eastman was on the train. He is a gentleman of fine personelle and makes a favorable impression upon all.

At McRae, we observed quite a crowd assembled there in attendance on the court. Hon. A. G. McArthur, of Chatham, and A. J. Cameron, the messenger of the senate, were here in excellent condition.

As the train dashed along the green coatings of the woodland pastures created by burning off the woods resembled a streak of emerald. Here would be a dense thicket of small pines; there a thin field of large pines resembling a straggling army. Occasionally would we see a swamp, or a sea of saw palmetto, a gently sloping hill, or fields turned out to brier and bramble. Corn is up, and oats though checked by the frost looks promising.

At No 7 the centennial spirit has budded out in the christening of a house "The Centennial House," although the house is not that old by 95 or 96 years.

At Surrency a two story wooden house with a decrepid piazza and an invalid ell was shown to us as the famed house where the celebrated spiritual manifestations occurred that thrilled the country at one time. We saw no sign of any ghost about it. There was a woman, a girl and a baby in the back door, but neither of them looked ethereal or spirituelle.

Jessup is a thriving little place. There are two hotels here and one in process of construction. Here we changed cars for Thomasville, taking the coaches of the Atlantic and Gulf railroad.

We met with Gen La Fayette McLaws. He informed us that considerable terrorism prevailed in Effingham county, in consequence of the lawlessness of negroes, incited by designing white men (radicals) for political purposes. The general is in fine health.

The Atlantic & Gulf railroad is in superb condition. The cars run so smoothly that one can sleep as sound in them as in the best palace car. On the train was a Missouri gentleman with his family, who had purchased an orange grove in Florida and was en route to take possession of it.

We reached here early this morning and I am quartered at the residence of S. J. Cassel; a relation of Major S. B. Spencer and Rev. D. Fraser. It is the abode of hospitality and good cheer.

Indications point to the probable candidacy of either Capt. W. M. Hammond or Judge A. H. Hansel, of this city, or Capt. H. G. Turner, for congress in the second district.

It is thought that Hon. Julian Hartridge will decline a re-election in the first, and that Col. A. M. Rodgers, of Burke, is the coming man. The radicals talk of importing Josh Hill.

The pastors conference met here today. Delegates are coming in for the Baptist convention and it will open tomorrow with a large attendance

I am the recipient of a magnificent magnolia (now in full bloom) from the garden of Judge S. A. Smith.

The Duty of the Hour.

RINGGOLD, GA.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION:—As an old time democrat, I wish to say a word from this part of the state as to our duty in the present state of the country and as to our course in the present canvass for governor. First let me say how much I regret that among democrats, all working for the good of our dear old state, there should have been anything bordering on harsh language or unkind feelings. These things ought not to be so, for in the indulgence of bad feelings in the ranks of party friends we will only have regrets, and as all this sort of thing must be taken back, it had better not be indulged in. So much for an old man's preface and sermon. Now let me come right to the point, but in the kindest spirit in the world to every party friend and coworker whose name is before the people as a candidate. Let us deal candidly and fairly by each other in our talks and comparing of opinion. In this spirit, Mr Editor, let me ask my party friends whose name was the second choice for governor with democrats all over the state of Georgia. Gov. Smith was very strong and all said he had honored himself and the state by his dignified and upright conduct as a chief magistrate, and with many he was the first choice. And so I might go on taking each candidate in turn and show how men were divided as to their first choice. But as certainly as anything can be with Smith men, so-called, and Hardeman men or any other man's men, the next most decided and warmly applauded choice was that noble son of Georgia, Gen A H Colquitt. This is surely so, Mr Editor, if I know anything of the feelings of voters in this part of Georgia, and if my extended information in regard to other parts of the state is true. And is this any strange thing? Who of us of the old time can forget that almost matchless man Walter T. Colquitt, the general's father. The son is worthy of the sire, and no man has ever heard anything but good of Gen. Colquitt. He is by inheritance an honest man, and a zealous patriot. See him in all his appearances before the public and you see a man earnestly at work for the good of his country. He has been backward indeed for the service such as he could have done the state. I for one say he has been too much in the back ground, and now the people looking around for a good man to serve us, naturally turn to him. There is no better test of a man's fitness for office or of his true worth than to find him in such times of corruption as these, the second choice of every body.

I know the man well, as I did his father before him, and we who know him best will go security with our lives that if General Colquitt was governor of the state there would be no man avenged from malice or revenge—there would be no sacrificing the pulic advantage to pamper pets, nor would a dollar of the state money be improperly used. This is the sort of man we want in these dark days where we have had so much of waste and so much of angry feeling. Now our respected governor has refused to serve longer, which many no donbt regret, we say what we believe is as true as any earthly thing that Gen Colquitt has a larger number of the voters of Georgia for him as governor than any other name that can be mentioned. So let the people have their choice. CATOOSA.

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

POSITIVELY TWO DAYS ONLY.

Friday & Saturday, April 21 and 22.

TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY,
AFTERNOON at 3, EVENING at 8 o'clock.
Doors open at 2 and 7 o'clock.

SYLVESTER BLEEKER.....MANAGER.

The Great Original and Renowned
GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE,
Together with the Infinitesimal
Miss Minnie Warren,
And the Skatorial Phenomenon,
Major Newell,
Will appear in a variety of
FASCINATING PERFORMANCES,
Consisting of SONGS, DUETS DANCES, DIALOGUES, COMIC ACTS, and LAUGHABLE SKETCHES, as given before the Potentates of the Earth during their celebrated Three Years' Tour Around the World.

At each Entertainment the Ladies will wear several New and Elegant Costumes, Magnificent Diamonds, etc.

Admission only 50 cents; Children under ten years 25 cents. Reserved seats 75 cents; Children under ten years to reserved seats 35 cents.

Ladies and Children are considerately advised to attend the Day exhibition and thus avoid the crowd and confusion of the Evening Performance. apr26—ds un wed thur fri sa

Grand Concert and Ball.

FORD'S EMPIRE BAND.

ON THURSDAY EVENING, April 27 1876, at—[place will be given in Tuesday morning's paper]

A Grand Concert

will be given by the above BAND, and will comprise the following beautiful and entertaining selection:

1. Rifle shot Quickstep, arranged especially for this occasion by Mr. J. C. Ford. (During the rendition of this selection the audience will please keep ——, as there will be no danger.)
2. Concert Medley, introducing Cora Lee followed by a splendid Waltz, on the angry with me Darling, and Galop Finale.
3. Waltz—selection.
4. Home Run Galop.
5. Se tette Et Incarnatus, with Piano accompaniment.

Intermission 10 minutes, in which the boys will blow off.

6. Grand Fantasia Memories of the Past, by J.

Daily Constitution.

PREFERRED LOCALS.

UGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
e Daily and weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar22-dtf

To One and All.

Are you suffering from a cough, cold, asthma bronchitis or any of the various pulmonary troubles that so often terminate in consumption? If so use "Wilbor's Pure Cod Liver Oil and Lime," a safe and efficacious remedy This is no quack preparation, but is regularly prescribed by the medical faculty. Manufactured only by A. B. Wilbor, Chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists. apr15—deod1w

Of Course we Will.

Dear Constitution: Please allow me to say, through your columns, that strange as it may may appear, it is nevertheless true, that not more than one-third of the citizens of this city have made returns to me of their taxable property (as required by law) and I am satisfied that that not more than one merchant in every twenty has made returns, and when I consider that only 12 days remain for me to wait on the vast number that is yet to come, it makes me shudder If some of you have to wait 2 or 3 hours before I can receive your returns, please do not blame me, for I have certainly given you all fair warning not to hold back for the last day. Respectfully, J. O. HARRIS,
apr18—d6t Tax Receiver and Collector.

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING COMPANY. apr21-dtf

Blank Waiver Notes.

Send your orders to the CONSTITUTION office for blank notes containing the waiving clause Prices low. apr21-dtf

GOOD Cassimere Suits from $7 00 up. These goods we offer at 25 per cent. under their real value. Price them, at
COHEN & SELIG'S.
apr22—dsat-sun-tues-thurasat

Wilbor's Cod Liver Oil and Lime.

The great popularity of this safe and efficacious preparation is alone attributable to its intrinsic worth. In the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Scrofulous Humors, and all Consumptive Symptoms, it has no superior, if equal. Let no one neglect the early symptoms of disease when an agent is thus at hand which will alleviate all complaints of the Chest, Lungs or Throat. Manufactured only by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist Boston. Sold by all druggists.
apr22—deod1w

ELEGANT White Shirts at $0 00 a ½ dozen All made and laundried.
COHEN & SELIG.
apr22—dsat-sun-tues-thurasat

A Saving of Fifty per Cent.

Aside from its purity and healthfulness those who use Dr. Price's Cream Baking will save fully fifty per cent. as it requires one third less powder to same amount of flour than other baking powders in the market. Only two teaspoonfuls of Dr. Price's powder to a quart of flour is needed to produce the finest biscuits, cakes &c. Bear in mind that Dr. Price's name is on the box, as unprincipled persons obviously find it easier to appropriate the language of the label—steal the name—than imitate the powder. Steel & Price are the only manufacturers of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and his True Flavoring Extracts.
apr 2—dsat-sun-tues-thur&wlt

CHILDREN'S Flannel Suits at $2 50, $3 00, $3 50 at COHEN & SELIG'S.
apr22—dsat sun tues-tquras at

Wonderful Success

It is reported that BOSCHE'S GERMAN SYRUP has since its introduction in the United States, reached the immense sale of 40,000 dozen per year. Over 6,000 druggists have ordered this medicine direct from the factory at Woodbury, N. J., and not one have reported a single failure, but every letter speaks of its astonishing success in curing coughs, colds settled on the breast, consumption, or any disease of throat and lungs. We advise any person that has any predisposition to weak lungs, to go to their druggists, Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, who's sale agents, and get this medicine, or inquire about it. Regular size, 75 cents; sample bottle, 10 cents. Two doses will relieve any case. Don't neglect your cough. apr2 deod&wly

WORSTED Coats, in great, variety, at very low figures. COHEN & SELIG.
apr22—dsat-sun-tues-thurasat

New Advertisements.

Advertise in Sunday's Constitution.
Baby carriages—Stewart, Wood & Fain.
Wood cuts—Cohen & Selig.
Official drawing of Georgia State Lottery.
Basket—Stewart, Wood & Fain.
Children's flannel suits—Cohen & Selig.
Advertise in Sunday's Constitution.
Bird cages—Stewart, Wood & Fain.
Elegant white shirts—Cohen & Selig
Good storage—Mary W. Johnston & Woodruff.
Bargains in hats—Cohen & Selig.
Ice cream freezers—Stewart, Wood & Fain.
Advertise in sunday's Constitution.
Shoes—Cohen & Selig.
Housekeeping goods—Stewart, Wood & Fain.
A saving of 50 per cent—Steele & Price.
Baby carriages—Stewart Wood & Fain.
Applicat on for charter for Fulton Club.
Advertise in Sunday's Constitution.
Handkerchiefs, hose, etc—Cohen & Selig.
White French liver oil and lime.
Clothing—Cohen & Selig.
Hostetter's stomach bitters.
Advertise in Sunday's Constitution.

How to Shine.

Perhaps no question of domestic economy is so often asked, and so seldom answered satisfactorily, as how to give linen that beautiful finish peculiar to laundry work, the secret of which laundresses are so careful in keeping. Mr. J. S. Dobbins, of Philadelphia, who long ago achieved a reputation for manufacturing good goods, seeing this great want has, for a long time been engaged in a series of experiments, with a view of perfecting an article for family use best adapted to the purpose, resulting in what is known as Dobbin's Electric Starch Polish. We have tried this Polish and find it most extraordinary, and we think are doing our friends a substantial service in making known his valuable article, so much needed in every well regulated family. We understand that a number of inferior articles are offered for sale. We would therefore caution our friends to ask for Dobbins'. It not only gives to linen a beautiful finish, but saves much time and labor in ironing, and thus it saves women.—Toledo Blade March 9.

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING COMPANY. apr2 -dtf

Widow and Orphan Fund Life Ins. Co.—Patrons Notice.

The policy-holders and friends of the Widow's and Orphan Fund Insurance Company are hereby assured that the assets in the company are ample to meet all liabilities. The statement of the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Tennessee, showing this fact, will be published in a few days W. CHIDSEY
apr21—d3t

Pioneer Oil Co.

Successor to Morehouse Oil & Wax Co., Refiners and Manufacturers of Carbon, Headlight and Lubricating Oils Nos. 50, 58 and 61 River street, and Nos. 15, 17 and 19, Meadow street, Cleveland Ohio.

Parties in Georgia desiring our goods should send orders to J. E. TATE,
mar10-dtf P. O. Box 241, Atlanta, Ga.

Black Grenadine.

At Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s black grenadines, colored muslins, colored linen lawns in large variety at prices to astonish all.

Dry Goods Advertisement.

Look for Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s advertisement in another column, and give them a call.

Black Silk a Specialty.

At Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s black silks are offered at prices known only as before the war. Go and see them.

Blank Waiver Notes.

Send your orders to the CONSTITUTION office for blank notes containg the waiving clause Prices low apr21—dtf

A LARGE lot of Handkerchiefs, Hose and Collars from a Bankrupt sale—too many for a retail stock—we, therefore, offer them at such figures as will insure their rapid sale. Just price our Furnishing Goods and see how much you will save at COHEN & SELIG'S.
apr21—dsat-sun-tues-thurasat

THE FALLEN PREACHER.

Full Details from the Columbus Crime.

Mr. Kendrick Claims there was a Conspiracy against Him.

Columbus Enquirer, 21st.

Considerable excitement prevailed in our community Wednesday afternoon, regarding one of our most prominent divines, the Rev. C. A. Kendrick, of the First Baptist church, who was detected in his study in the church building in criminal intercourse with a young girl about thirteen years of age. It appears that he had given cause for scandal, and the matter had been brought to the attention of some members of his church, but their confidence in their pastor was so implicit that they gave the matter but little attention, and they and the community were terribly shocked by the developments.

We forbear giving the details of the crime, and we regret that our duty compels us even to mention the matter.

The sympathy of the entire community is with the stricken parents who have received such a terrible blow from one to whom they were taught to look to for comfort and consolation.

A warrant was taken out for seduction against Kendrick Wednesday evening.

HE FLEE FROM HIS HOME

and distanced pursuers, but was arrested yesterday morning about eight miles below the city and brought here, and is now in jail. We trust he will receive the punishment his crime merits.

The deacons and members of the Baptist church met yesterday and decided to fully investigate the subject and assist in punishing the offender.

The accused has been pastor of the Baptist church here about three years, succeeding Dr. Skinner. His age is in the neighborhood of thirty years.

JAIL GUARDED.

The jail was guarded last night by the Columbus and City Light Guards. They had been called out as a precautionary measure by order of the sheriff, and by the advice of the mayor. Until the excitement against Rev Mr. Kendrick subsided this course was deemed best. Nothing occured however to disturb the peace. The sentiment of the vast majority of our people are against any demonstration of mob law. Judge James Johnson has volunteered to defend Mr. K The accused claims there was

A CONSPIRACY AGAINST HIM;

that he only desires a fair and impartial trial; and protests innocence of charge. We delay details until the legal investigation takes place. The direct evidence against him is well nigh overwhelming.

At ten o'clock last night the military were relieved by the police.

THE KENDRICK CASE.

He Still Remains in Jail at Columbus.

Protesting His Innocence and Declaring it a Conspiracy.

Special to the Constitution.

COLUMBUS, April 21.—9:30 p. m.

Nothing new has as yet been made public in the Kendrick seduction case.

HE IS STILL IN JAIL

here and nothing has been determined upon as to bail or trial; but will be held in abeyance until full consultation is had between counsel and friends with the accused.

HE HAS EMPLOYED LAWYERS

of ability and skill who will have his defence in charge, but they have not had time to agree upon a line of conduct in the case.

PROTESTING HIS INNOCENCE.

Mr Kendrick protests that he is innocent of the terrible crime laid to his charge and that a fair and impartial investigation of the facts will so exhibit to the world. He declares the affair a foul conspiracy and persecution. Public opinion is strongly against the accused, but when coolness returns a different feeling may prevail. E.

IN THIS CITY.

How the News of the Columbus Outrage was Received.

Rev. Charles A Kendrick is well known and has been much respected and beloved in this city by a host of friends. He has had the confidence of the people and there were scores of those intimate with him and the families of his parents and relatives who took pride in his ministerial labors and growing fame. It was fondly hoped that the pride of his aged father and feeble, loving mother, joined to the flattering sympathy of friends would prove sufficient to him to pursue his way with godliness and virtue to finish a useful and honorable life. The sudden intelligence of his fall caused

A SICKENING SADNESS

to take possession of his friends and they could only express their feelings in earnest regrets and sorrowful astonishment. Many could not bring themselves to believe the tidings true to the extent first reported but every new piece of information fed on to the conviction that there was no little truth and substance in the awful accusation.

There are many who still doubt and give that doubt to the benefit of the accused, and a general feeling of suspense prevails, and almost every one hopes the full details of the affair will show that this is some nightmare or strange combination of circumstances which may nevertheless have their proper and convincing explanation in favor of Mr. Kendrick.

THE WORST FEATURE

to the public mind is the reported attempt of the accused to flee from his home and leave the scene of his alleged crime. That he should have sought safety in flight and been arrested in that effort is to many a reason for fearing that there is truth in the charge.

THE EFFECT

of the intelligence upon his loving parents and relatives in this city is reported to be of the most distressing character. The blow came as in the dark and from unseen hands and a grief beyond expression has robbed them of all power to think or act at present beyond the matter. The sympathies of the entire community are with them, and in the ten thousand conversations of the day over the sad affair, there is always a word of sympathetic regard for their great sorrow.

Special Invitation.

The ministers of the city and Christian people are especially and earnestly invited to be present at the sessions of the state convention to-day, as given elsewhere.

WALTER R. BROWN, Pres. State Con.
WM. A. HAYGOOD Pres Atlanta Association.

Suits Against Wallace.

Rules nisi have been granted Thursday and the day before in the superior court to the Bank of the State of Georgia as against J. R. Wallace, to foreclose mortgages These suits are based upon notes made by Wallace, one for $8,000 and another for about $1,400, endorsed by A K Seago, and which were given to the Bank of the State of Georgia, with mortgages upon certain specified pieces of property, to secure loans from the bank. Both Wallace and Seago have failed and Seago has gone into bankruptcy. The rules are already entered of record.

Celebrated Scribes.

The radical state convention to assemble here on the 3d of May is attracting attention abroad as it will be a gathering of the federal office holders of the state and indicate their preference in the coming presidential race.

Dr. H V Redfield, the distinguished correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial will be here to write up the political philosophy of this assemblage of government-fed politicians and Mr Carroll, the equally well-known peripatetic newspaperer of the New York Times will also be on hand to wire to the northern heart the details of the patriotic doings of these U. S. court and revenue office sovereigns.

The Fulton Club.

Atlanta has at last one of those social organizations of which she needs many. We refer to gentlemen's clubs, where rooms for the reception of guests or friendly and social intercourse between citizens are provided, and all the delicious amenities of life are cultivated. We have already witnessed benefits from the presence of the Fulton Club and are glad to see its managers all of them able and worthy citizens, petitioning the superior court for a charter which will place them in a corporate capacity and upon a substantial basis. The club will soon make itself a social feature of our city, and we wish it all possible good fortune.

Commissioned.

The Governor Thursday commissioned James Keel, solicitor of the county court of Campbell county.

Dry Goods, etc.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.,

66 & 68 WHITEHALL STREET,

HAVE in store the finest stock of CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, and HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, ever before offered by them. Prices never so low as now.

All the new and novel styles in Dress Goods NOW IN STORE and to arrive during the present week. Large lot Black, Colored, Stripe and Plaid SUMMER SILKS. Just opened.

The largest and cheapest lot of HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES of our own importation ever before offered in Atlanta will be offered to-morrow by us.

A full line of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

always on hand and at bottom prices.

Samples sent to all parts of the country on application to
mar12 CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

TOWN TOPICS.

—Advertise in Sunday's Constitution—to-morrow.

—If an agent of the CONSTITUTION is not mistaken it was the one o'clock night hawk of the Newman Herald that he pulled out of the ditch as we returned from church about 1030 o'clock at night We are not surprised that a man in his condition should make a mistake of two and a half hours, for it was a hard matter to convince him that the moon was not the sun.—CONSTITUTION

Too thin! too thin! We are not in the habit of going to bed in ditches. Besides we can prove that we were at home all that night and when we met you at one o'clock you were repeating poetry.—Herald.

The traveling agent of the CONSTITUTION now wants to know how it is that the one o'clock "night hawk" of the Newnan Herald "can prove" that he was at home all night and met him at one o'clock the same night.

—Continuation of our serial in Sunday's Constitution.

—Mr. B. Atkinson, of Senoia, and one of the proprietors of an extensive lumber mill in Carroll county, was in the city yesterday.

—Be sure to get to-morrow's Constitution.

—Major C G Samuel.—We had a pleasant call from Major C G Samuel, president of the Georgia department of the Granger's Life and Health insurance company en route for Griffin for the purpose of organizing a board for that prosperous and reliable company.

—Get a copy of Sunday's Constitution for rare and racy reading.

—The Board of water commissioners here have just awarded a contract for some four miles of additional pipe, to Messrs. Denis & Co., of Louisville, Ky., and the laying of the same to Messrs. Hunnicutt & Bellingrath. The work is to be prosecuted vigorously and it is to be hoped the entire amount will be laid by the 15th of July.

—Sunday's Constitution circulates always over a 1,000 copies extra to the regular edition.

The Blues.

Capt. Scratchins, the commander of the gallant and popular company, the Fulton Blues, is nightly putting the boys through the steps and motions of a soldier and on Tuesday evening next at their prize drill will show one of the best trained companies Atlanta has ever been able to boast. Who the winner of the plume will be is now totally a matter for conjecture

The hop which is to succeed the prize drill will be one of the most pleasant affairs of the season. We expect to see a lively contest and a happy concourse of friends present, and look for new honors to "the Blues."

Colored Religionists.

We understand that early next month there is to be quite an important conference of Methodist ministers and elders in this city. What the objects of the meeting are we have not been apprised, but understand from rumor that it will be a noteworthy conference of the leading men of the African Methodist church.

There will be delegates from all the states of the union and some are expected from Canada and Europe The colored people of the city are making preparations to entertain the 250 delegates who are expected. We will try and give more definite information at an early day

HON. JOHN P. KING.

His Position Before the Approaching Stockholders' Convention.

Of Honorable John P. King, the venerable and able president of the Georgia railroad, and the position which he will occupy before the coming convention of stockholders, upon the subject of re-election to his high and responsible office, we find the following in the latest issue of the Sunny South:

One of the noblest romans of the day is the present venerable and universally beloved president of our great Georgia railroad. As far back as we have any recollection of public men and things, John P King was the president of this successful corporation, and under his administration, backed by the advisory councils of able boards of directors, it has always real est a marked degree of success, and held steadfast the confidence of the public. In the commercial marts of the country, Georgia railroad stock during his entire administration has commanded good prices, and so long as he lives, we hope its stockholders will continue him in his present position. His recent reply to a letter from Dr. Elijah Jones, of Madison, who is a large stockholder, urging him to become a candidate for re election at the approaching convention, is filled with the most exalted sentiments, and the beauty of his self sacrificing spirit is certainly without a parallel in this degenerate age of office-seeking. He concludes his beautiful letter with these words:

I cannot, in the face of so many previous professions say that I will consent to be a candidate before the coming convention, for this would imply that I wish the office, which is not the case. I will say, however, that if, in the face of my oft repeated declarations that I do not wish the office, the stockholders cannot or will not unite on any other, I will as hereto fore, con inue to serve the company to the best of my poor ability, but honestly believe that the company could be better served by some other.

After such a spirit, let no stockholder fail to acknowledge his appreciation of it by giving him his heartiest support. The road was never in better hands than now. With King as president and Johnson as superintendent, it will continue to prosper.

COURT CHRONICLE.

FULTON SUPERIOR COURT.

HON. CINCINNATUS PEEPLES, JUDGE.

The court met promptly at the hour of 8:30 a. m.

The state vs Hampton Hope, colored, charged with larceny from the house, and being one of the McBride crockery store cases, was called. Hope pleaded guilty to larceny under fifty dollars and was sentenced to labor upon the public works of the county for a term of six months.

FORFEITURES.

The list of jail cases ready for trial was completed and the bonded cases taken up, whereupon a number of defendants and securities were called, but failed to answer. Upon all these bonds the solicitor general took forfeitures.

The petit juries were discharged with the thanks of the court.

Judge Peeples will hear motions to-day.

Court adjourned at an early hour,

SUPREME COURT.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA,
April 21, 1876.

ORDER OF CIRCUITS.

16 Augusta	17	6	Brunswick	7
17 Middle	6	20		
18 Ocmulgee	12			

[Supreme Court Decisions of last term may be had by addressing W. A. Hemphill & Co., Atlanta, Ga. $1 00 per pamphlet to subscribers of THE CONSTITUTION; $2 00 to others. Sent postpaid.]

AUGUSTA CIRCUIT.

No 22 The Summerville macadamized or graded or plank road company vs the Augusta land company; refusal of injunction, from Richmond; argued

Frank H Miller, for plaintiff in error.
Barnes & Cumming, contra.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

No 24 Michael Kries vs Larkin A Davis; refusal of injunction, from Fulton; dismissed.

MIDDLE CIRCUIT.

Heath vs the state; assault, from Washington; dismissed.

No 2 Brantley vs Reynolds & Son, complaint, from Washington; dismissed.

No 3 Cowart sheriff vs Dunbar & Co et al; rule vs sheriff, from Emanuel; argued.

Josephus Camp and Charles B Kelly, by Z D Harrison, for plaintiff in error.

John M Stubbs and H D D Twiggs, contra.

No 4 Coxwell vs Quinney; rule vs sheriff from Jefferson; withdrawn.

No 5 Page, administrator, vs Haines, administrator; equity, from Johnson; argued.

R M Carswell, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

Cain & Polhill and John M Stubbs, contra.

No 7 Robison, solicitor general, vs C W Smith, ordinary; motion to set aside orders, from Tattnall; diminution of record suggested.

Z D Harrison, for plaintiff in error.

John Milledge, contra.

OCMULGEE CIRCUIT.

No 11 Tarpley et al vs McWhorter, guardian; equity from Green.

A G & F C Foster and J A Billups, for plaintiff in error.

Reese & Reese and P J Robinson and M W Lewis, contra.

Pending the argument of Mr. Foster, the court adjourned until 10 o'clock a m to-morrow.

Y. M. C. A.

Proceedings of the State Convention.

The Work Progressing Finely.

The regular business session of the state convention Y. M. C. A. was opened yesterday morning and continued through the day below we give the full proceedings which will be found interesting to all. The reports of the delegates from various parts of the state were encouraging to the least hopeful. The work has evidently taken deep root in our state and is going rapidly forward. There were about sixty-five delegates present, and the business was conducted with a dignity and expedition which is seldom found in older assemblages.

The opening exercises were conducted by Capt. W Wolf, of Newnan. Several prayers were offered for the success of the meeting. The singing was fine.

The following committee, consisting of one member from each association in the state, was appointed to perfect the organization of the convention:

COMMITTEE.

P F Cuttino, Newnan; J C Smith Thompson; F F Johnson, Grantville; Dr. W J Walker, Warrenton; J C Frances, Augusta; S D Knight, Conyers; W H Bass, Sparta; E M Osborne, Dahlonega; Rev. J S Gray, Hampton; F A Hall, Milledgeville; G A Howell, Savannah; Wm A Haygood, Atlanta; J B Adamson, Bowenville; D R Sasser, Elberton.

Committee on permanent organization reported the following nominations which were unanimously adopted by the convention:

President, Walter R Brown, Atlanta.

First Vice President, W Wolf, Newnan

Second Vice President J J Hicock, Augusta.

Third Vice President, G A Howell, Savannah

Secretary, W A Haygood, Atlanta.

Assistant Secretary, W J Cofrer, Augusta.

Second Assistant Secretary, W J Weimar, Warrenton.

On motion the report was adopted.

The first topic, "God our Stronghold," was discussed first by Rev. J D Gray of Hampton, in a short speech to the point.

Hon. J C C Black of Augusta, 1st vice-president, was then called on to discuss the same topic. Col. Black spoke, (as he always does) with eloquence and power.

Mr. McGee of Alabama also made some appropriate remarks. Capt. W Wolf of Newnan, was reminded of the passage "If God be for us who can be against us," and made some remarks to the point. Rev. W A Parks said that truth itself is not powerful enough to convince the sinner, hence the necessity of looking to "God our strong hold," and asking his aid to accomplish that which ourselves are not able to accomplish.

Mr. McCord of Augusta made some appropriate remarks on the topic, after prayer and singing the convention adjourned to meet at three o'clock in the afternoon

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Devotional exercises opened by C Z McCord of Augusta, with a fifteen minutes speech on the Three Talents, after reading 29 vr., 25 chap. of Matthew.

After which several short speeches were made by various members, on the same subject, interspersed by singing led by Mr. Wallis of Augusta. The singing as usual, was fine

After a most harmonious session on the convention adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock this morning.

DR. BRANTLEY'S LECTURE.

A large congregation assembled at the First Baptist church last evening to hear the lecture to be delivered before the Young Men's Christian association convention, by Rev Dr Brantley, of Baltimore, but formerly of this city

The services opened with a sweet song, led by Rev. L B Fish, of this city

Prayer was then made by H L McKee, of the Christian association of Selma, Ala.

Dr. Brantley read from the Scriptures the 12th chapter of the Epistle to the Romans.

"Coronation" hymn was then sung by the congregation, after which Mr Walter R Brown introduced Rev. Dr. Brantley,

DR BRANTLEY'S LECTURE.

was one full of spirit and instruction and was listened to with profound attention, and we hope to print it from our stenographer's notes in our next issue.

Rev. L B Fish sang another beautiful gospel hymn.

Dr. Brantley referred to the recent popular method of teaching the gospel through the medium of song and called upon H Thane Miller, of Cincinnati, Ohio, to sing

Mr Miller forthwith sang a beautiful song with the refrain "Be waiting and watching for me."

The doxology followed and the interesting services were then concluded with a benediction.

THE RECEPTION.

After the lecture by Rev Dr Brantley the delegates and members of the Y M C A., repaired to the hall over T M Clarke & Co's store, where the receptions are held. The guests and ladies were first assembled in the front part of the hall, and after singing a beautiful and appropriate address of welcome in behalf of the Atlanta association was delivered by Mr Joseph M Brown. He was responded to in behalf of the visiting delegates by J A Howell, esq., of Savannah who made a brief and point address in a style that pleased all

C W J Ham, of the Warrenton Clipper was next called upon and he made a characteristic speech, gently hinting that he came expecting some more solid comfort than literary effusions. The matter of crockery in an adjacent apartment made the application of his tender remarks quite certain

Mr Charles Z. McCord, of Augusta, made a neat speech, in which he expressed the thanks of the visiting delegates for the warm welcome which had been extended to them.

Mr. W. A. Haygood then announced that after singing, the attention of the company would be directed to another part of the hall, where they would find a subject whose discussion is always fraught with pleasure.

The curtains were then withdrawn, and the upper part of the hall was discovered filled with tables beautifully spread with the good things of life. There was no stiff observance of cold ceremonies, but everybody seemed at once at home, and enjoyment sat smiling on every face. Though the number present was very large, there was indeed an abundance and plenty of room.

The duties of the young men are due to a score of kind ladies whose tender hands and good taste made the supper so attractive. The work of preparing such an affair is much more difficult and annoying than those unacquainted with it are apt to think.

After supper the ladies and gentlemen resorted to the front of the large hall, where social conversation were enjoyed. Several speeches were made returning thanks to the ladies.

Mr. Hickock, of Augusta, paid a gallant tribute to the ladies, several other speeches were made and few good complain of the want of an opportunity for utterance. The pleasures of the evening were protracted until mid-night All went away well pleased.

The city was represented by many of her fairest daughters, who smiled with all their wonted loveliness on the scene of which they were the joy and inspiration. It was pleasant to notice the easy, home-like feeling which pervaded everything. The young men are to be congratulated on extending to their guests such a pleasant reception. It was evidently enjoyed by all who attended it.

THE DEVOTIONAL COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

SATURDAY, APRIL 2 D.

8:40 a. m.—At Y M C A, G A Howell, Savannah.

2:30 p m—At Y M C A, W A Parks Newnan.

5 p m—Second Baptist church. J C Francis, jr. Augusta; H W J Ham, Warrenton; D I. Turner, Sparta; E M Osborne, Dahlonega.

8 p m—Gospel meeting at Central Presbyterian church on Washington street, L L McKee, Selma, Ala., H Thane Miller and S G Byers, Ohio.

SUNDAY.

9 a m—First M E church, Peachtree street, W M Jordan, Augusta.

11 a m—First Baptist church, J W Wallace, Augusta; H Thane Miller, Ohio, J C Francis, jr. Augusta.

2:30 p m—Jail, W H Bays, Sparta; T F Houston, Milledgeville; J O Wyane, Atlanta

3 p m—Surgical institute, J P Cheney, Covington; W A Haygood, Atlanta; C Z McCord, Augusta; W Wolfe, Newnan; W J Walker, Warrenton.

3:30—Benevolent Home Marietta street, J J Hicock Augusta; J M Brown, Atlanta; P O Collingsworth, Grantville; T W Richards, Covington.

3 p m—Children's meeting at First Baptist church conducted by H Thane Miller, Ohio, the president of the Cincinnati association.

4:30 p m—Trinity church on Whitehall street, or at the opera house; meeting for men exclusively, no ladies admitted to this meeting. All young men are most cordially and earnestly invited to attend Conducted by C. C. Ackford A. d participated in by several other delegates.

FAREWELL MEETING—PERSONAL CONSECRATION.

8 p m—Second Baptist church—presided over by W R Brown, Atlanta. Short addresses by W A Haygood, Atlanta; F T Lockhart, Augusta; H Thane Miller, Ohio; S G Byers, Ohio; J W Wallace, Augusta; W G Tatum, Clay Hill and others

The co-operation of the ministers and ladies of the city and the prayers of all Christians are desired

An earnest invitation is hereby extended to all, and especially to the unconverted to attend all their meetings.

A Memorial.

The following is a copy handed us for publication of a memorial now being circulated in the city. We don't know anything about the matter embraced in the memorial. We present it simply for the public consideration:

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, April, 1876.

Hon. Benjamin H. Bristow, Secretary of the Treasury of United States:

Your memorialists, citizens of Atlanta, state of Georgia, having observed with admiration the granite work with traced joints being now done on the basement of the post-office and court house in this city, by the United States, and learning that such work can be done about as cheap as brick work with hammered granite covers and other trimmings, most respectfully memorialize your honor to have the entire walls of the building thus executed as being far more ornamental and durable than the best brick work in this climate. We pray you, therefore, if not violative of law, to give an order to have the entire superstructure made of granite in the style of the basement as above indicated, and for which favor your memorialist will be ever grateful.

THE EXCURSION.

Let the Boys Get Out and Contribute to the Cause.

The excursion to Stone Mountain to-day will be a grand and enjoyable affair, and should have the liberal encouragement and support of all our citizens.

The day promises to be lovely, and there will be any amount of enjoyment. The ladies will be there in large numbers, and we are asked to urge the merchants and employers generally of the city, to let all their employes whom they can spare go on the trip at noon to-day. It is only a Saturday's half holiday and they can really be spared. Come, gentlemen, this is a little exhibition of practical patriotism which you can easily afford.

Remember the train leaves promptly at noon and the fare for the round trip is only fifty cents. Let there be a long train and plenty of happy people on board.

Kimball House Arrivals.

Alph Lewis, New York; H. L. McKee, Selma; Wm Timberlake, F W Jordan, Sugasta, J L Waldrop, Richmond; J M Johnson, W J Robinson, New York; John T Davis, Columbus; General Tom Thumb and wife, Miss Minnie Warren, Miss E Force, Sylvester Bleeker, C E Keeler, D Palmer, Major E Newell, A Mitchell, W H Stoutenburg, G Peck; T J Williamson, Rome; J M Norton, Rome; S D Caswell, Augusta; Charles S Smatter, Brunswick; Rev. Dr. Brantley; C G Eckford city; C Stephens, North Carolina, Henry J Hall, New York; D S John son, Madison; W G Richards, city; Francis Fontaine, Columbus; E Maxwell, St. Louis.

Tom Thumb.

The little darkey who drives the General's carriage created quite a stir on the streets yesterday. The vehicle is made in imitation of a pumpkin and is not much larger than a good fat sized man of that vegetable. It is drawn by two fat like horses

The matinee and entertainment last night were well attended, crowds of children were on hand in the afternoon and a host of negro pickaninnies who never in their lives had enough money to go inside, stood before the door and peeped at the Lilliputians as they dodged in and out. Two entertainments will be given to-day. This quartette of dwarfs furnish a good diversion for an hour and they are so famous that everybody wants to see them. Half the little fellows in town are "on their heads" to-day.

The Bazaar.

The bazaar is still in progress, and seems to grow more interesting. The tables are well supplied with a lot of fancy articles of all descriptions. The contests for the picture of Rev Mr Warren, and other prizes seem to increase in interest. The bazaar will continue to-night. Go out and see what it is.

Cohen & Selig open out before the readers of the CONSTITUTION this morning in most attractive style. We need not tell the people to call, they will be sure to do so after reading the proclamation.

Such bargainsas we sell in Hats have never been known before
COHEN & SELIG.
apr22—dsat sun tues-thurasat

Every Week.
Fresh Bargains

are laid on the counter in Men's, Youth's, Boys and children's clothing.
M. & J. HIRSCH,
april16-s 1ds. 50 and 62 Whitehall st.

Good and stylish Shoes for men and boys at less price than you can buy them anywhere.
COHEN & SELIG
apr22—dsat-sun-tues-thurasat

Children's Clothing.

A fine assortment of children's clothing just received, and are selling at reduced prices at
M. & J. HIRSCH'S,
april16-s 1ds. 50 and 62 Whitehall street.

We are offering bargains in our line of fine Clothing. Convince yourself and call yourself and call early, at
COHEN & SELIG,
Southwest cor Whitehall and Alabama sts.
apr22—dsat sun-tues-thurasat

Knickerbocker Suits

From $15 up, and all other goods at proportionate low figures at
M. & J. HIRSCH'S,
50 and 62 Whitehall street.
apr16-sun tues & sat

Hard Times.

Fine light colored French Cassimere pants at your own prices at HIRSCH'S,
50 and 62 Whitehall street.
apr16-sun tues & sat

Memorial.

Remember, that Hirsch's have the finest stock of ready made clothing ever brought to Atlanta. Consisting of Worsteds, Cassimere and French suits, at hard time prices. Call at
M. & J. HIRSCH'S,
50 and 62 Whitehall street,
For Bargains.
apr16-s 1ds

White and Colored

Marseilles Vests. The finest stock ever brought to Atlanta. At
M. & J. HIRSCH'S,
50 and 62 Whitehall st.
april16-s 1ds.

Bargains Bargains!!

All Wool Cassimere Suits from $8 up at
M. & J. HIRSCH'S,
50 and 62 Whitehall street.
apr16-sun tues & sat

Our Centennial Suit

Leads the van. Call and th m at
M. & J. HIRSCH'S,
april16-s 1ds. 50 and 62 Whitehall st.

New Goods!
New Styles!

Prices all reduced.
M. & J. HIRSCH.
april 16-s 1ds 50 and 62 Whitehall st.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

(IN BANKRUPTCY.)

NORTHERN DISTRICT of Georgia, ss: At Newnan, the 14th day of April, A. D., 1876. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Christopher Robinson, of Newnan, in the county of Coweta and State of Georgia, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt.
BERRYMAN T. THOMPSON,
apr18—d1w5w Assignee, etc.

Dry Goods, Etc.

DeSAULLES & KROUSE,

29 WHITEHALL STREET,
Have a large variety of Goods which they are offering at
UNPRECEDENTED LOW PRICES.

100 doz. ENGLISH HOSE.....At 20c.
500 pcs. all-Silk RIBBON.....At 5c.
Yard-Wide PERCALES.....At 8c.
3000 Yards DRESS GOODS.....At 10c.

Handsome Silks at a Song!

FULL STOCK OF WHITE GOODS, PIQUES, ALPACAS, PRINTS, BLEACHED AND BROWN DOMESTICS, all the novelties in Notions and Fancy Goods.

Every Variety in Ladies' Underwear.
apr9-tf

CARPETS, MATTINGS, Etc.

Wm. A. Haygood,

21 Marietta Street.

MY new stock of CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, WINDOW HANGINGS, WALL PAPER, and UPHOLSTERY GOODS has been carefully selected and bought at the most advantageous prices. My patterns (in my judgment, at least,) are very pretty. My prices are low. All that I ask is a fair examination of quality, patterns and prices.

Letters promptly answered.
apr16—dtf WM. A. HAYGOOD.

MARKET REPORTS.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT.

ATLANTA, GA., April 21, 1876.

Cotton closed at 11¾ for middlings.

RECEIPTS TO-DAY.

By wagon	8
Air Line Railroad	3
Georgia Railroad	00
Central Railroad	00
Western and Atlantic Railroad	10
West Point Railroad	1
Total	22
Receipts previous	56,757
Total	56,779
Stock on hand September 1	375
Grand total	57,154

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day	15
Shipments previous	64,473
Total	64,488
Stock on hand	2,666

RECEIPTS AT ALL UNITED STATES PORTS.

	1875.	1876.
Saturday	2,899	4,665
Monday	5,862	6,625
Tuesday	3,370	5,018
Wednesday	3,786	4,599
Thursday	2,752	2,697
Friday	3,318	6,332
Various	512	898
Total	22,510	30,806

Showing an increase of 8,296 bales, compared with corresponding days of last year.

Liverpool Cotton Review.

LIVERPOOL, April 21.—The Cotton Broker's Association weekly circular, issued this afternoon, contains figures brought down to Thursday evening. It says the cotton market reopened after the holidays and though business has been very moderate quotations of almost every description were well supported. American has been in moderate demand but firmer, and held at last week's quotations In Sea Island business has been of a retail character, but prices are unchanged. Transactions in futures have been limited but prices have risen partially 1-16d for American and East Indie.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Financial.

NEW YORK, April 21—Money easy at 3. Gold 112¾@112⅝. Sterling steady at 8. Governments dull and strong; new fives 118. State bonds quiet and nominal. Stocks closed active and steady; Central 112⅝; Erie 15⅝; Lake Shore 54⅜; Illinois Central 68; Pittsburg 94; Northwestern 40¼.

Sub-treasury balances—gold $

ROSE MORALS.

[Sidney Lanier.

I. RED.

Would that my songs might be
What roses make by day and night—
Distillment of my soul of misery
Into delight.

Soul I could it thou keep thy breast
As you red rose and dare the day,
All clean, and large, and calm with velvet rest?
Say yes—Say yes.

Ah my dear soul I could-be!
The wind is up; so drift away,
That songs from me as leaves from the may fly,
I strive, I pray.

II. WHITE.

Soul! get thee to the heart
Of yonder tuberose—hide thee there—
There breathe the meditations of shine art
Suffused with prayer.

Of spirit grave but light,
How fervent fragrance uprise,
Pure born from those most rich and yet most white
Virginities!

Mulched with unsavory death,
Now, soul! unto such white estate,
Strong art and virginal prayer shall be thy breath,
Thy work, thy faith.

Summary of State News.

SAVANNAH.

—Mrs. Octavus Cohen has been elected president of the memorial association.....The Methodists have been carrying on a revival four weeks..... No worthier benevolent institution exists in this broad land, than that which has its home at Bethesda, where fifty orphan boys are fed, clothed and educated.....Two hundred crates of green peas shipped north last Tuesday.....The quantity of freight from the north is increasing.—News.

DAWSON.

—The Dawson manufacturing company is building a shop which will be covered by 150,000 shingles.....Fishing parties are popular.....About forty confederate soldiers are buried at Dawson.....A mother gave her child arsenic for quinine and strange to say the effect was not fatal.—Journal.

SANDERSVILLE.

—The Herald is chock full of poetry this week.....The Christian association is flourishing and doing a good work.....Slight frost on the 18th..... A large quantity of lumber at Tennile belonging to James Pritchard was burned last week.—Herald.

COVINGTON.

—The senior class of the southern masonic female college will visit Atlanta on the 29 to have their lovely faces photographe'd.....Covington girls won't agree to graduate in calico.....The soldiers cemetery has been greatly improved.....Miss Jane Wright won the prize at the ladies shooting tournament.—Enterprise.

GREENSBORO.

—All Greensboro and the surrounding country will excurt to Atlanta on the 28th.....Last year the people of Greene county spent $50,000 for whisky. How much corn and bacon would that money buy?.....A farmer has killed 22 dogs in three months. The people clamor for a dog law.....William G King shot himself accidentally a few days ago, but is nearly recovered.....The work on the new Presbyterian church goes on nicely.—Herald.

MARIETTA.

—An unknown woman left her baby with a negro girl and did not come back to claim it.....The Kennesaw mills are offered for sale.....Marietta voted "wet" or "dry" yesterday.....Mr J C Massey associate editor of the journal is sick.....Summer visitors will soon pour in.—Journal.

ELLIJAY.

—The revenue frauds formerly so largely practiced are bound to come to an end, investigation will be had. .....Hogs are not allowed to play in the streets.....Ellijay has a fine seminary—Courier.

ALBANY.

—The oat crop is large and fine..... Plantations look finely.....The Albany amateurs will soon give a dramatic entertainment.....Albany is full of book borrowers who don't return.....News.

WAYNESBORO.

—The singing of the young men's Christian Association is said to be the best in the state.....Hon. J J Jones is suggested as a gubernatorial candidate. .....Frost snapped at vegetation Monday night.—Expositor.

AUGUSTA.

—Mrs. Goodwyn is delighting fastidious Augusta with her readings..... Prince Jones, colored, who murdered a negro in Burke county has been arrested.....J. N. Beeson admitted to the bar.....Several Schentzen fests are soon to come off.....Mr. Bliss still continues his revivals with great success.....The orphan asylum has a productive capital of $88,000. The income last year was $20,000.—Chronicle.

MACON.

—Macon will excurt to Savannah soon.....Lieutenant Colonel Jones of the Macon battalion has resigned..... A correspondent of the Telegraph says Macon's credit has not improved since Mayor Huff's administration.—Telegraph.

ROME.

—The people want the Coosa opened for better navigation.....Forty persons in the alms house.....Rome boys who talk in church are apt to catch a sharp reproof from the pulpit.—Commercial.

BARNESVILLE.

—The cool spring retards cotton planting.....The soldiers' cemetery is being improved.....A miniature radical meeting was held last Saturday.....New Baptist church at Hollowville will be dedicated Sunday.....An enterprising citizen has decorated his yard with a fountain.—Gazette.

JONESBORO.

—Business is improving.....Church choirs are difficult to manage..... Jonesboro wants to be a summer resort —News.

COLUMBUS.

—The negroes are going to have a Lady Washington tea party.....D. W. Appler, local treasurer of the Central road, has resigned, W. H. Williams will succeed him.....The tea party was a grand success.....Twenty picnics are already plotted.—Enquirer.

DALTON.

The old Methodist church is being torn down.....Two lazy Italians are strolling around making music rare..... Heavy frost on Monday.....Important term of Whitfield superior court now progressing.—Citizen.

GRIFFIN.

—Middle Georgia is going to have a fine fair next fall.....A country man brought $10 to town and was considered a phenomenon.....Clayton county is thought to favor Gartrell for the governorship.....Charlie Herbst writes a patriotic note to the News about the 26th.—News.

DIED.

—W. F. Dorset, of Newton county, on the 15th.

—Ala Stallings, of Covington, on the 20th.

—R. M. Cleveland, of Gwinnett county, last week.

—Dr. Robert R. Hunt, of Gilmer county, on the 11th.

RHEUMATISM.

DR RUSSELL'S

RHEUMATIC REMEDY

CURES Rheumatism and Neuralgia without fail. It also corrects indigestion, cures dyspepsia. Purifies the Blood and renovates the entire system. Price, $5 per pint bottle. 43 Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. jan2e—d6m1stp

Removing Life's Heaviest Burden.

To remove the burden of disease, the heaviest that poor humanity is compelled to bear, is certainly a grand ob ect, a glorious mission. Assuredly the discoverer of a remedy which accomplishes this result is entitled to the gratitude and respect of mankind. Such a remedy is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, whose great success is attributable to the fact that its restorative action upon the debilitated and disordered system is in accordance with the principles of common sense. It revivifies the sick and, as their strength increases, the burden of disease grows lighter. It reforms those physical irregularities which render weakness chronic, and thus eradicates the evil at its very source. Liver complaint, malarious fevers, constipation, urinary troubles, uterine weakness, and many other causes of general debility and ill-health, are completely removed by the combined tonic and alterative operation of the Bitters. a5r23—deod&w4it

MARKET REPORTS.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Cotton dull; sales 892 bales; uplands 13¼; Orleans 13 7-16.

Futures opened easier; April 13 5-32@13 7-32; May 13 7-32@13½; June 13 15-32@13¾; July 13 11-16@13 23-32; August 13 25-32@13 27-32.

Stocks dull and lower. Money 3, no loans. Gold 112¾. Exchange—long $4 86; short $4 90. Governments active and better. State bonds quiet and lower.

Flour quiet. Wheat dull and drooping. Corn dull and declining. Pork dull at $22 70. Lard firm; steam 13 65. Turpentine heavy at 37. Freights quiet.

LIVERPOOL, April 21.—noon.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 6⅝; middling Orleans 6⅝; sales 10,000; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 24 000; American 11,700; futures sellers offering at 1-32 decline; middling uplands nothing below low middlings shipped in March or April per sail 6 7-16; do June or July delivery 6 7-16; do. July or August delivery 6 17-32; sales for the week 38,000; speculation 3,000; export 4,000; stock 1,005,000; American 600,000; receipts 132,000; American 100,000; actual export 4,000; afloat 385,000; American 215,000; sales of American for the week 25,000.

LIVERPOOL, April 21—1:30 P. M.—Middling uplands nothing below low middlings April or May delivery 6 5-16; do. May or June delivery 6⅜; sales to-day include 6,900 bales American.

LONDON, April 21.—Erie 14.

PARIS, April 21.—Rentes 69f 65c.

PRICES-CURRENT.

WHOLESALE.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., April 21, 1876.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—
Buying ..... 110 Selling 113
SILVER ..... par
EXCHANGE—
Buying at ..... par Selling ..... ¼ prem.
BONDS—

Georgia 6s	94@96	Atlanta City 8s	86@90
Georgia 7s	100@102	Atlanta 10s	105@107
Georgia 7s gold	105@107	Augusta City 7s	88@90
Georgia 8s	102@107	Georgia R. R.	97@98
Atlanta Water	80@84	A. & W. P. R. R	98@100
Atlanta City 7s	80@82	Savannah City	83@85

STOCKS—
Georgia Railroad 81@83 A. & W. P. R R 75@77
Central Railroad..40@43

Atlanta Produce Market.

BEEF CATTLE ..... 2@5
EGGS 13½
BUTTER—
Country 25
POULTRY—
Grown chickens ..... 17@25
Spring chickens ..... 20@25
Geese ..... 40@50
Ducks 20
Turkeys ..... 75@$1 00
DRESSED POULTRY AND GAME—
Turkeys ..... 16@18
Chickens ..... 12½@15
Geese 10
Ducks 10½
Squirrels 10
Rabbits 8
Possum 11
FEATHERS ..... 50@60
BEESWAX ..... 25@27
RAGS ..... 2½@3
VEGETABLES—
Cabbages ..... 8@10c ₩ 100
Beets ..... $3 50 ₩ 100
New Irish Potatoes ..... $2 50 ₩ bush.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

CORN 70
MEAL 70
GRITS $3 00
WHEAT ..... $1 20@$1 60
WHEAT BRAN 90
BARLEY ..... none
RYE ..... $1 00@$1 30
OATS ..... 60@65
HAY—
Timothy ..... $1 10@$1 25
Clover $1 00
Tennessee $1 00
PEAS ..... $1 10@$1 30
ONIONS ..... $3 50 ₩ bbl
MOLASSES—
Barrels 29
Tierces 27
Hhds 26
MACKEREL—
No. 1 half bbls $7 50; kits ..... $1 75@$2 00
No. 2 half bbls $6 50; kits ..... $1 25@$1 40
No. 3 bbls $9 50; half $6 00; kits $1 15
COFFEE—
Rio ..... 21@22
Java 37½
SUGAR—
A 11
White extra C 10¾
Yellow 10¼
Yellows ..... 8¾@9¾
New Orleans ..... 8¾@10¾
FLOUR.
Fancy ..... $8 00@$8 25
Extra Family ..... $7 25@$7 50
Family ..... $6 50@$6 75
Extra $6 00
Superfine $5 50
BACON
Clear sides ..... 13¾@14
Clear rib sides ..... none
Shoulders 11
BULK MEATS.
Clear sides 13¾
Clear rib sides 13
Long clear sides 12¾
Shoulders 9¾
HAMS.
Sugar-cured 15½
Bulk 12½
LARD.
Tierces ..... 15@11¾
Kegs and cans ..... 16@17¾
Buckets 15
Wines and Liquors.
CORN WHISKY.
Proof, 100 ₩ cent ..... $1 45@$1 75
80 ₩ cent $1 30
Miscellaneous.
Lime—35@40; hydraulic, $1 50.
Nails—12d, 10d $3 35
Leather—
Hemlock sole, goo damaged ..... 26½@28
Good ..... 29@30
White oak ..... 30@
Black upper ..... 40@50
Salt—
Liverpool $1 05
Powder—
Rifle $6 50
Blasting 4 50
Shot—
Buck $3 00
Drop $2 25
Bagging—
Domestic 14
Borneo 14
Gunny ..... none
Iron Ties 5½
Pc " 6½
Dry Goods.
Ticking ..... 7@20
Stripes ..... 8½@10
Osnaburgs ..... 9½@11½
Cambrics ..... 6@7
Prints ..... 5@7
Brown Sheetings 7½
Shirtings 4½
Bleached sheetings and shirtings ..... 5@12½
Domestics—
4-4 ..... 7@11
7-8 ..... 6@8½
3-4 ..... 5@6½
Yarns ..... $ 0
Fruits and Confectionaries.
Apples—Northern ..... $5 50@$6
Pears ..... $5 00@$6
Oranges—Messina ..... $5 50@$6
Lemons—Palermo ..... $5 50@$8
Raisins—
Layers, whole, per box ..... $3 00@$3 50
Layer, half ..... $1 75@2 00
Currants—in barrels 10
Citron—Leghorn per ₩ 35
Figs—Selected Eleme, drums per ₩ 17½
Dates—In frails 8½
Prunes, in bbls, ₩ lb ..... 14@15
NUTS AND CANDIES.
Languedoc 25
Tarragona 25
Pecan nuts 10
Brazil nuts ..... 12½@15
English Walnuts ..... 15@20
Filberts ..... 13½@15
PEA NUTS
Tennessee choice ₩ bushel ..... $1 95@$2 00
Wilmington, fancy ₩ lb ..... 9@10
TEAS—in 5 lb caddies.
Oolong ..... $1 20@$1 25
Imperial ..... $1 00@$1 25
NIRE CRACKERS.
No. 1 extra, 40 ackages ₩ box $3 50
Tobacco
CHEWING.
Common, sound, 11-inch new ₩ lb ..... 45@50
Common, sound, 11-inch old ₩ lb ..... 48@52
Medium, 11-inch, old ..... 55@60
Good 11-inch old ..... 62@70
Fine 11-inch old ..... 75@80
Bright navys ..... 58@60
Eights 6-inch ..... 60@65
Good ..... 70@75
Fine 12 inch ₩ lb, good ..... 75@90
Fluitz AAAA $1 10
Brown's Extra, 13-lb $1 00
Log Cabin, 12 inch $1 10

For Sale.

A COTTAGE RESIDENCE, with splendid well of water and fine garden attached, in the suburbs of Atlanta. The best chance for a bargain ever offered

JESSE A. ANSLEY,
apr11-d1w Real Estate Agent.

THE PENITENTIARY CONVICTS.

Proclamation of the Governor for Proposals to Lease.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF GEORGIA,
ATLANTA, GA., April 14.

Whereas, by an act approved February 25, 1876, the governor is authorized and required, "as the leases or hiring of convicts under the act of March 3, 1874, expire, and as leasing or hiring may be vacated under said act, and as convicts may require to be disposed of by by the governor of the state, not affected by existing contracts," to farm or lease such convicts as may be discharged from operations on said hirings or leasings and existing contracts, in the space of time not less than twenty years; It is therefore ordered,

That proposals for the hire of said convicts under the provisions of said act which is published herewith, will be received at the executive office until 12 o'clock m. Thursday, the 15th day of June next.

Bidders should state the names and places of residence of the sureties to be offered to secure performance of the contract or lease, together with the value of the unincumbered property of such sureties.

The proposals should be placed in a strong envelope, securely sealed, and directed to the governor. The following words "Bid for convicts," should be indorsed on the package.

The contract or contracts will be awarded on Monday, the 26th day of June next.

JAMES M. SMITH, Governor.

By the governor
J. W. WARREN,
Sec Ex. Dept.

AN ACT

To regulate the leasing of penitentiary convicts by the governor, authorizing him to make contracts in relation thereto, and for other purposes.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Georgia, That as the leases or hiring of convicts under the act of March 3, 1874, expire, and as leases or hirings may be vacated under said act, and as convicts may require to be disposed of by the governor of the state, not affected by existing contracts, that the governor of the state is hereby authorized and required to farm or lease said convicts when discharged from the operations of said hirings or leasings, and existing contracts for the space of time not less than twenty years, to one or more companies, as in his judgment will best subserve the interest of the state or associations of persons, which shall be an incorporated company, by virtue of the operation of this act as hereinafter provided; said lease or hiring for said term shall be upon such terms and considerations as shall be agreed upon with said company by the governor; said company shall give bond and good security to the governor of this state, in a sum not less than one hundred thousand dollars for a faithful compliance with said contracts, but if there be more than one company the amount of said bond to be left in the discretion of the governor, in each case, in proportion to the number of convicts that each may get, provided that the aggregate of said bonds shall not be less than one hundred thousand dollars. In the lease or hiring to be made, the governor shall require all necessary stipulations and arrangements to be made by said company for the humane treatment of the convicts entrusted to them for their security and proper management, in accordance with the rules and regulations now in force for the control of convicts, so far as the same may be consistent with the working of said convicts by said company, but lease or hiring may be made which shall not relieve the state from all expense except the salary of the principal keeper, physician and chaplain.

Before any disposition is made of the convicts, as contemplated under the provisions of this act, his excellency, the governor, shall be authorized to furnish the directors of the Marietta and North Georgia railroad, upon their application for the same, two hundred and fifty convicts, or so many thereof as they may desire, without charge, for the space of three years, upon their giving satisfactory obligations to feed, clothe and provide for the same, under such regulations as his excellency may require, for the safe-keeping and proper care of said convicts; but said convicts shall be used by said railroad company exclusively for the benefit of their railroad; and for violation of this condition the governor may vacate the lease: Provided in all cases, where the convicts are leased out to, and are now employed by, incorporated railroad companies, and who shall be engaged at work on said railroads at the passage of this act, and whose lease shall expire before the completion of the grading of said road, the governor is hereby authorized to grant a new lease of said convicts to said company (or even a greater number, equal to the wants of said company,) within sixty days after said application is made, unless the convicts have been leased under the provisions of this act to the company or companies herein provided for, and to the Marietta and North Georgia railroad company. The renewal of lease, and additional lease, shall be made on the terms and conditions as provided for by act of March 3, 1874: Provided further, That the governor, nor shall, at his discretion, farm out or lease to the president and directors, or board of corporators, of any railroad or turnpike company now chartered in this state any number of said convicts, under the restrictions now provided by law: Provided, Unless the convicts have been leased under the provisions of this act to the company or companies herein provided for, and to the Marietta and North Georgia railroad company.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no lease or hiring shall be made under the provisions of this act until after due notice is given by the governor of this state that on a certain day said leasing or hiring shall be made, which no lease shall not be less than sixty days, and the governor may select from the lessees offered such ones as he deems best for the public welfare: Provided, Unless the convicts have been leased under the provisions of this act to the company or companies herein provided for, and to the Marietta and North Georgia railroad company.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the governor of the state, in accordance with the power reserved under the last section of this act, shall require said company to procure, at their own expense, a suitable site or place, being an island on the coast of Georgia, if practicable, and if not, some other suitable place to be determined by the governor, within the limits of this state, and at their own expense erect, under the direction of the governor and principal keeper of the penitentiary, there suitable, convenient, safe, healthy and commodious prison barracks, hospitals, guard-houses, and all other dwellings necessary for the safe keeping and comfort of the convicts under its care and control, which shall be known as the penitentiary of this state. From this prison such convicts as, under the advice and direction of a physician—to be appointed by the governor for that purpose, who shall reside on the island, or at the place where the penitentiary is located, and also visit, prescribe for, and attend such diseased and sick persons as he can, but such physician shall not be obliged to attend sick or diseased convicts away from the penitentiary, all of whom shall be nursed and furnished medical attendance by the lessees at their own expense, and who shall, in every case, furnish all medicine and nurses required by the physician—at a salary of two thousand dollars per annum, to be paid by the state of Georgia—are adjudged competent to labor on roads, canals, mines, quarries, and making brick, may be taken out and employed by said company as said company may contract to perform and labor upon within the limits of the state; but convicts for long terms—for life, and periods of five years or more—when so adjudged fit by said physician for hard and physical labor, must, if possible, be employed in mining, and the residue of the convicts held and controlled by said company, meaning thereby those not engaged in working on mines, canals, roads, quarries, and making brick, must be kept at said place or site known as the penitentiary, and there employed upon such works as are consistent with their health, age, sex, and strength; but nothing herein contained shall prevent the lessees from using in farm labor, at the place or places where the penitentiary is located, upon their own land, any and all convicts who cannot be employed in working upon roads, canals, mines, quarries, and making brick, in the performance of labor by either class of convicts, there shall be such regulations, restrictions and arrangements made by the governor and said company, to be enforced by the governor of this state, which will associate only persons convicted of crimes of moral turpitude, which shall regard the conditions of the sexes, and age of convicts, and robustness to labor; all rules and regulations necessary and proper for the reform of the convicts, which the governor may prescribe, shall be faithfully observed. To aid this reform, the governor of the state shall appoint a chaplain to the penitentiary, at a salary of five hundred dollars per annum, to be paid by the state; said chaplain shall reside on said island or place where the penitentiary is located, and whose duty it shall be to aid in reforming the moral character of the convicts, who shall recieve from benevolent societies and charitable persons and institutions Bibles and other books, tracts, papers, etc, and distribute them among the convicts, under supervision of the lessees.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the provisions of the act of March 3d, 1874, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, shall remain in full force, except as to the time of labor, which in no case shall be unreasonable or oppressive, and in addition thereto, that the condition of the penitentiary shall, at all times, be subject to an inspection as hereinafter prescribed; and all provisions existing under an act of March 3d, 1874, as to vacating leases or contracts, may be used by the governor of this state, in relation to the case herein provided for.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the persons who compose the company to lease said convicts, under this act, shall be bona fide citizens of this state; and so soon as the terms of the lease are agreed upon between the governor and the said company, and their names entered on the minutes of the executive department, and the lease or hiring signed and accepted by the governor, by an order entered on the minutes of the executive department; from that time said comp ny shall be a body corporate for the term of the lease or hiring, and known as the Georgia penitentiary company, with full power to sue as other corporations, and to be sued on all contracts made by said company, in the county where the penitentiary is located, during the existence of said lease, and after the same has expired, until the business of said company is entirely wound up, and said company shall have full power, as other incorporated companies, to make by-laws, and other rules and regulations, for the government of the company, and also all other powers usually necessary and proper for the existence and perpetuation of said incorporated company, not in conflict with the laws of this state and the constitution of the United States; and shall have full power to buy, sell, lease, rent and hold property for the purposes of their charter

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the incorporated company so leasing said convicts shall not be allowed to sub-let or lease, or hire to others said convicts, and if, at any time, such sub-letting, sub-leasing or hiring is done, or permitted to be done by it, then the governor of the state shall proceed to vacate said lease, and to re-lease under the same restrictions and conditions as in this act provided, or to sue and recover of said company the sum of five hundred dollars for each sub-leasing or re-leasing; but nothing in this section contained shall prevent the lessees from doing the work allowed by this act under contract with others, or through their own agents, and by convicts exclusively under their own control and supervision.

SEC. 7. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for breach of the bond herein provided for, as to negligent escapes, the damages to be allowed against said company so leasing shall not be less than two hundred dollars for each escaped convict, unless said convict is caught and returned to work within two months, and it shall be the duty of the lessee, or lessees, under this act immediately after any escape, to make a report, in writing, to the principal keeper, who shall lay the same before the governor, or all the circumstances attending such escape, and if the governor shall find therefrom or by any other means, that such escape was caused by negligence, it shall be his duty to institute suit for the damages herein provided for; and for cruelty to convicts, besides the punishment which may be inflicted under the criminal laws of the state, and damages which may be recovered by the convict so injured, the governor of the state sueing for the state, may recover on said bond no, less than four hundred dollars on each case of such cruelty.

SEC. 8. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the governor of the state shall require, and the principal keeper of the penitentiary, shall, under such regulations, make a monthly inspection of the personal condition of every convict held by said company during its lease, and a monthly report from said keeper to himself of his investigations, under said inspection; and the governor may, at any time, upon a complaint made and supported by proper proof, require of said principal keeper of the penitentiary, a special investigation of any or all of said convicts. In addition to these means of ascertaining the condition of such convicts, the governor may, at any and all times, appoint a suitable and intelligent person to inspect the condition of said convicts, and report to him their condition in every respect.

SEC. 9. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if, for any cause, said lease is vacated by said governor, a new lease of said convicts may be made, as is herein provided for the first leasing, and if no lease can be effected under the provisions of this act, then the governor may lease said convicts according to the provisions of the act of March 3d, 1874.

SEC. 10. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lessees under this act shall not use as guards any of the convicts, or place them in positions of trust and control over the convicts, and such conduct shall be a breach of duty in said lessee, and a violation of the bond of said lessee, for which the governor may vacate said lease, or sue said company, and recover from the same the sum of five hundred dollars for each act of violating this law; and any person having charge of convicts may, and they are hereby, authorized to surrender the same, so that the convicts may fall under the operations of this act; and the governor is authorized to accept the surrender of the same; and the lessee, under this act, may make any suitable, convenient arrangement with the physician of the penitentiary for the examination of convicts at other points than the penitentiary.

SEC. 11. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the governor, in leasing the said convicts to the said company or companies (except the railroad companies hereinbefore mentioned,) shall give favorable consideration to the highest bid or bids, all other things being equal.

SEC. 12. Repeals conflicting laws

Appleton's Cyclopædia.

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AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA
New Revised Edition.

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apr15—d3t-15th 18th 25th

Notice in Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT COURT of the United States—Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Perkins Fitzpatrick Cook, Bankrupt—No. 979.

All persons interested are notified to show cause, if any they have, before Register L. T. Downing, at his office in the Virginia house, Newnan, Georgia, on the 6th day of May, 1876, at 10 o'clock, a. m., why the above named Bankrupt should not be discharged from all his debts.

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Notice in Bankruptcy.

NORTHERN District of Georgia, at Union Point, the 5th day of April, A. D., 1876

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of John W. Watson of Union Point, Greene county Ga., bankrupt on his own petition, who has been adjudged bankrupt, by the District Court of said district.

OSCAR E. PLUKER,
apr11 d1aw3w Assignee.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

U S District Court, Northern District of Georgia—In Re Napoleon J. Reynolds, of Madison, Morgan county, Ga., bankrupt.

This is to give notice once a week for three successive weeks, that on 2nd day of March, 1876, the undersigned was appointed the assignee of the above named bankrupt's estate.

CYRUS B. BARROW, Assignee,
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